

November 12, 2025

SATO Corporation

Q2 FY2025 Financial Results

(Six Months Ended September 30, 2025)

Securities Code: 6287.T

**Jul-Sep 2025
Results**

Business Strategy Review

**Jul-Sep 2025
Results**

Business Strategy Review

Summary

■ Q2 (Jul-Sep) Results

- **Consolidated sales increased (+5%), while OI decreased (-6%) year on year.**
% in parentheses indicates year-on-year changes.
- **Overseas business: Sales (-1%) and OI (-30%) decreased. Japan business: Sales (+12%) and OI (+34%) increased.**
 - ✓ Overseas base business: Sales (+2%) and OI (+8%) increased.
 - ✓ Overseas primary labels business: Sales (-8%) and OI (-64%) decreased.
- **Sales and OI were lower than planned in the overseas business and higher than planned in the Japan business.**
 - ✓ Overseas, the base business in Asia and Oceania performed well, pushing up results above plan. However, overall sales and OI fell short of plan due to weaker demands in the primary labels business in Russia caused by weather conditions and increased costs.
 - ✓ In Japan, the recovery in mechatronics sales contributed to results exceeding the plan.

■ FY25 (Apr-Mar) Outlook

- **The consolidated full-year OI forecast has been revised downward.**
 - ✓ Overseas business: Based on the first half results, the forecast for the primary labels business has been revised downward. The forecast for the base business has been revised upward, due to strong performance at factories in Asia and Oceania.
 - ✓ Japan business: In light of strong mechatronics sales, the forecast has been revised upward.

Sales and OI by Business Segment^{*2}

(Millions of JPY)

		FY24	FY25	YoY	In local currencies	
Consolidated		Total Sales	38,415	40,418	+5.2%	+4.5%
		Operating Income	2,914	2,741	-5.9%	-3.9%
Overseas	Base	Total Sales	12,806	13,022	+1.7%	+1.4%
		Operating Income	1,053	1,133	+7.6%	+7.9%
	Primary Labels	Total Sales	6,416	5,922	-7.7%	-11.4%
		Operating Income	1,290	468	-63.7%	-63.4%
	Eliminations	Operating Income	-40	24	-	-
	Total	Total Sales	19,223	18,944	-1.4%	-2.9%
		Operating Income	2,303	1,626	-29.4%	-29.1%
Japan	Total Sales	19,191	21,473	+11.9%	+11.9%	
	Operating Income	773	1,036	+34.0%	+40.9%	
Eliminations		Operating Income	-162	78	-	-

Consolidated Results^{*2}

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY
Net Sales	38,415	40,418	+2,002	+5.2%
Operating Income	2,914	2,741	-172	-5.9%
Operating Income %	7.6%	6.8%	-0.8pt	-
Ordinary Income	2,471	2,574	+102	+4.2%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	1,830	1,841	+10	+0.6%
Effective Tax Rate	16.8%	27.2%	+10.4pt	-
EBITDA*	4,271	4,246	-24	-0.6%

FX sensitivity for FY25: Assuming a 1-yen depreciation of the Japanese yen against the US dollar and an equivalent depreciation against other currencies, the estimated impact for the full-year FY25 would be an increase in sales of JPY 561 million and an increase in OI of JPY 35 million.

Average FX rates for Apr-Sep 2025: JPY 146.02/USD, JPY 168.05/EUR (Apr-Sep 2024: JPY 152.78/USD, JPY 166.06/EUR)

* EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization (Incl. Goodwill)

· Depreciation for Jul-Sep 2025: JPY 1,501 million (Jul-Sep 2024: JPY 1,319 million)

· Amortization for Jul-Sep 2025: JPY 3 million (Jul-Sep 2024: JPY 38 million)

* 1 Apr-Sep results are shown on p. 33.

* 2 Sales and OI excluding Russian subsidiaries are shown on p. 46.

Overview

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Base business Total Sales	12,806	13,022	+215	+1.7%	+1.4%
Primary Labels business Total Sales	6,416	5,922	-494	-7.7%	-11.4%
Total Sales	19,223	18,944	-278	-1.4%	-2.9%
Gross Profit	7,490	7,182	-308	-4.1%	-
Gross Profit %	39.0%	37.9%	-1.1pt	-	-
Base business Operating Income	1,053	1,133	+79	+7.6%	+7.9%
Primary Labels business Operating Income	1,290	468	-821	-63.7%	-63.4%
Elimination Operating Income	-40	24	+65	-	-
Operating Income	2,303	1,626	-676	-29.4%	-29.1%
Operating Income %	12.0%	8.6%	-3.4pt	-	-

* Includes the impact of IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ("Hyperinflation Accounting") in Argentina.

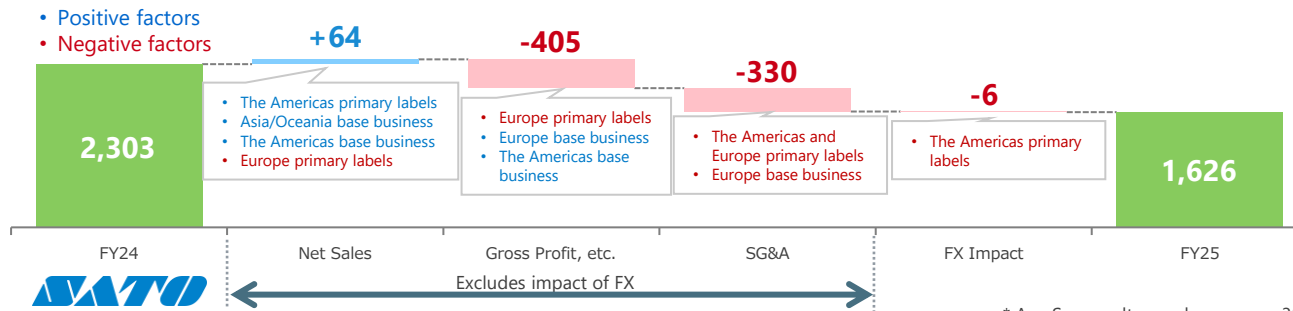
Sales

- Sales in the base business increased, driven by Europe and Asia/Oceania.
- Sales in the primary labels business declined as the competitive environment in Europe returned to its normal state before the Ukraine conflict, and as the demand dropped due to weather conditions.

Operating Income

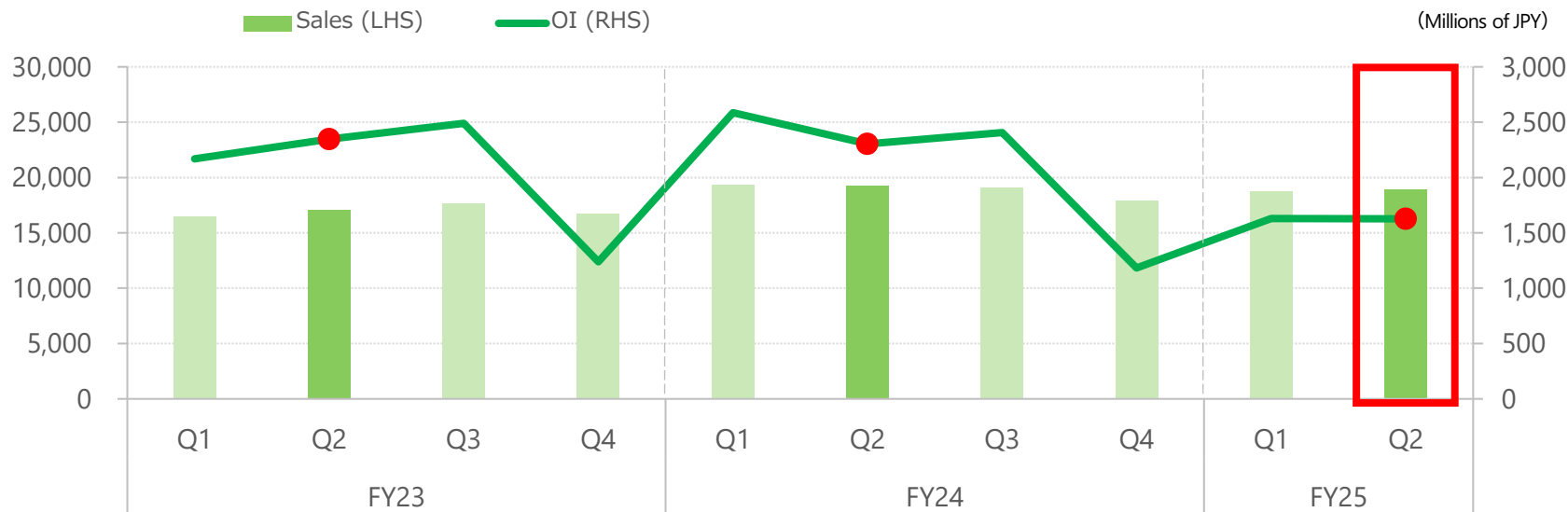
- OI in the base business increased due to strong performance in the Americas and Asia/Oceania.
- OI in the primary labels business declined due to increased costs in Europe.

Major Gains/Losses in OI



* Apr-Sep results are shown on p. 38.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income



Sales	16,452	17,104	17,648	16,725	19,321	19,223	19,104	17,937	18,737	18,944
YoY	+0.4%	-7.5%	-5.3%	+10.4%	+17.4%	+12.4%	+8.2%	+7.2%	-3.0%	-1.4%
OI	2,169	2,346	2,490	1,238	2,586	2,303	2,405	1,183	1,629	1,626
YoY	2.4x	+11.2%	-5.6%	-14.3%	+19.2%	-1.8%	-3.4%	-4.4%	-37.0%	-29.4%

Base Business — The Americas

(Millions of JPY)

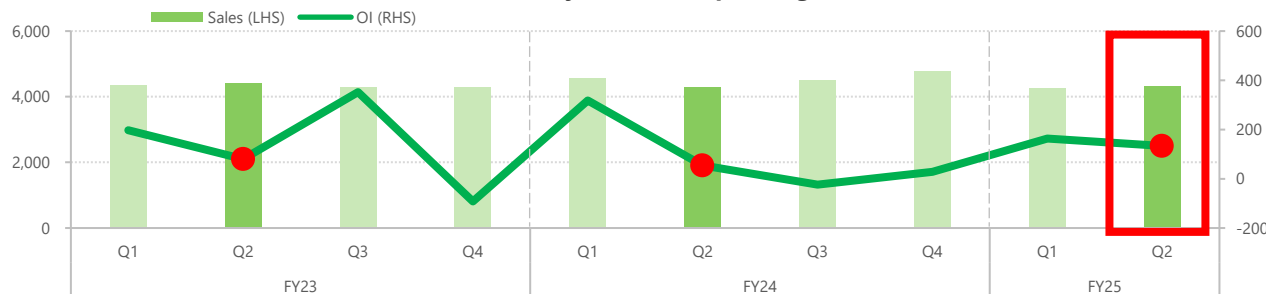
	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Total Sales	4,294	4,315	+20	+0.5%	+2.9%
Operating Income	54	133	+79	2.5x	2.6x

* Includes impact of IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ("Hyperinflation Accounting") in Argentina.

Sales

- Sales in the U.S. increased, driven by ongoing high-value projects for print and apply systems.
- Sales decreased in South America due to the negative impact of foreign exchange rates, despite strong demands amid inflation.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income



Sales	4,353	4,412	4,293	4,274	4,568	4,294	4,503	4,768	4,264	4,315
YoY	+3.3%	-6.0%	-7.2%	+14.6%	+4.9%	-2.7%	+4.9%	+11.5%	-6.7%	+0.5%
OI	197	80	352	-92	318	54	-24	28	164	133
YoY	+17.0%	-75.5%	-13.1%	-	+61.3%	-32.9%	-	-	-48.4%	2.5x

Operating Income

- In the U.S., OI increased due to the high-value contracts mentioned above and effective management of SG&A expenses.
- OI decreased in South America due to increased personnel costs, among other costs, driven by inflation.

Base Business — Europe

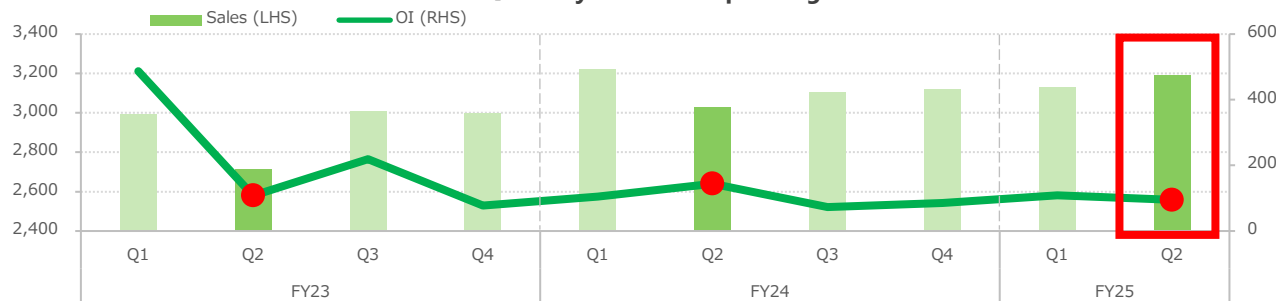
(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Total Sales	3,028	3,191	+162	+5.4%	+0.8%
Operating Income	144	95	-49	-34.2%	-37.7%

Sales

- In Europe, sales increased due to the positive impact of foreign exchange rates, despite weak investments amid economic downturns.
- The overall health care vertical remained strong.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income



Sales	2,991	2,714	3,008	2,999	3,221	3,028	3,106	3,121	3,129	3,191
YoY	-6.4%	-16.9%	-4.5%	+7.5%	+7.7%	+11.6%	+3.3%	+4.1%	-2.9%	+5.4%
OI	487	108	219	78	105	144	73	85	109	95
YoY	2.9x	-47.1%	+11.2%	-60.9%	-78.3%	+33.8%	-66.2%	+9.0%	+4.3%	-34.2%

Operating Income

- OI decreased as the higher sales and improved mix of end markets were not enough to offset higher costs, such as SG&A expenses.

Base Business — Asia/Oceania

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Total Sales	5,483	5,516	+33	+0.6%	+0.6%
Operating Income	854	904	+50	+5.9%	+6.1%

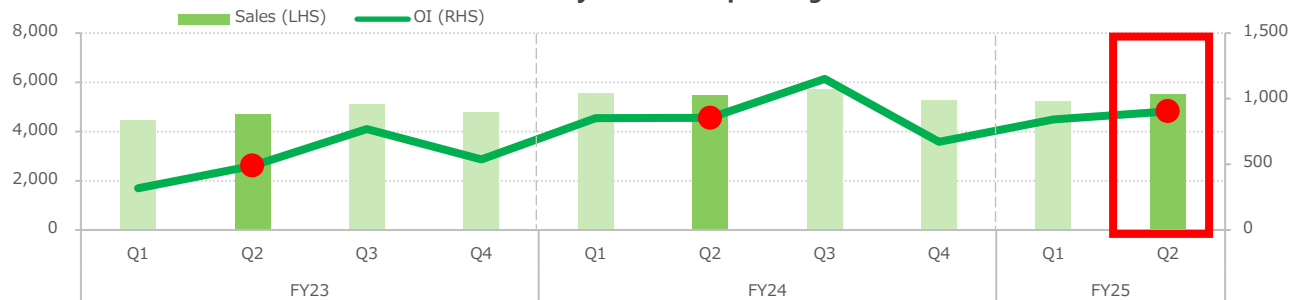
Sales

- In Australia, sales continued to be robust, driven by a high-value RFID projects.
- Sales increased at Chinese sales companies due to last-minute purchases before the increase in US tariff rates and growth in solution sales (kotouri) through direct sales.
- In Taiwan, sales decreased due to reduced demand for Argox products as the result of excess inventory built up in indirect sales channels.

Operating Income

- OI increased, driven by strong printer exports that resulted in improved factory profits.
- OI increased due to sales growth at sales companies in China and the high-value projects in Australia mentioned above.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income



Sales	4,431	4,679	5,120	4,790	5,564	5,483	5,718	5,251	5,234	5,516
YoY	+4.8%	-3.9%	+8.2%	+17.3%	+25.6%	+17.2%	+11.7%	+9.6%	-5.9%	+0.6%
OI	318	490	769	537	853	854	1,151	671	843	904
YoY	-10.0%	-19.3%	+4.9%	2.0x	2.7x	+74.2%	+49.7%	+25.0%	-1.1%	+5.9%

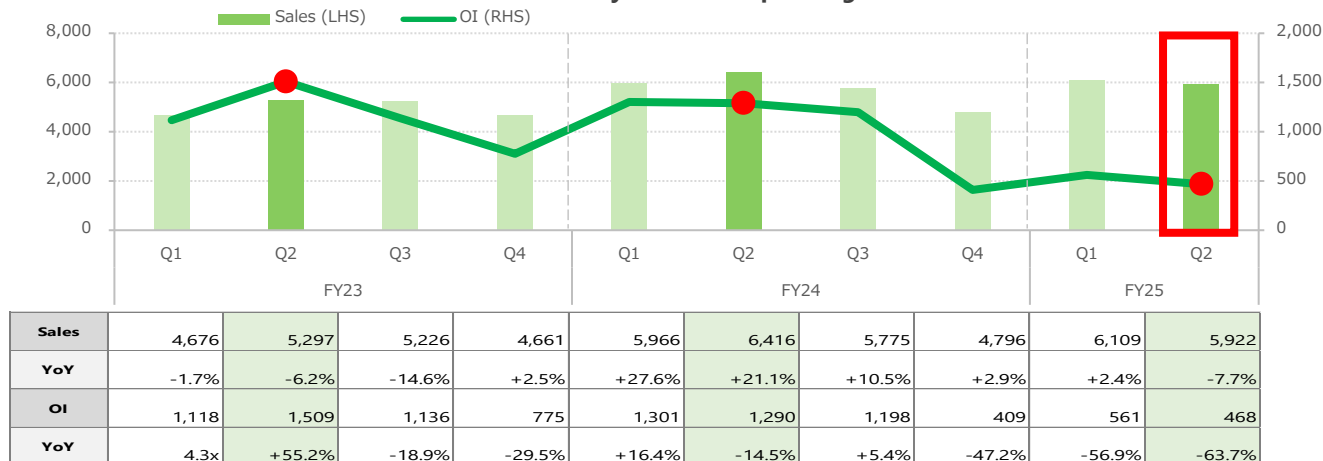
Primary Labels Business

(Millions of JPY)

		FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
The Americas Achernar (Argentina) Plakorar (Brazil)	Total Sales	826	905	+79	+9.6%	+26.6%
	Operating Income	135	116	-18	-13.4%	+9.5%
Europe Okil/ X-pack (Russian)	Total Sales	5,497	4,930	-567	-10.3%	-17.3%
	Operating Income	1,143	346	-797	-69.7%	-72.2%
Asia/Oceania Hirich (Vietnam)	Total Sales	93	87	-6	-6.8%	-4.1%
	Operating Income	11	5	-6	-52.7%	-53.3%
Total Sales	Total Sales	6,416	5,922	-494	-7.7%	-11.4%
	Operating Income	1,290	468	-821	-63.7%	-63.4%

* Includes the impact of IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ("Hyperinflation Accounting") in Argentina.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income



Sales

- In Europe, sales declined as the competitive environment of primary labels business returned to its normal state before the war in Ukraine, and as the demand dropped due to weather conditions. The impact of the tax changes is gradually abating.
- In the Americas, inflation continues to have an impact, but sales increased on successful development of new customers.

Operating Income

- In Europe, OI decreased due to drops in sales as explained above, and cost increases caused by capital investment in production equipment and higher personnel expenses.
- OI in the Americas decreased due to personnel and other inflation-driven cost increases.

Overview

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY
Mechatronics Sales	7,559	9,743	+2,184	+28.9%
Consumables Sales	11,632	11,729	+97	+0.8%
Total Sales	19,191	21,473	+2,281	+11.9%
Gross Profit	8,691	9,380	+689	+7.9%
Gross Profit %	45.3%	43.7%	-1.6pt	-
Operating Income	773	1,036	+263	+34.0%
Operating Income %	4.0%	4.8%	+0.8pt	-

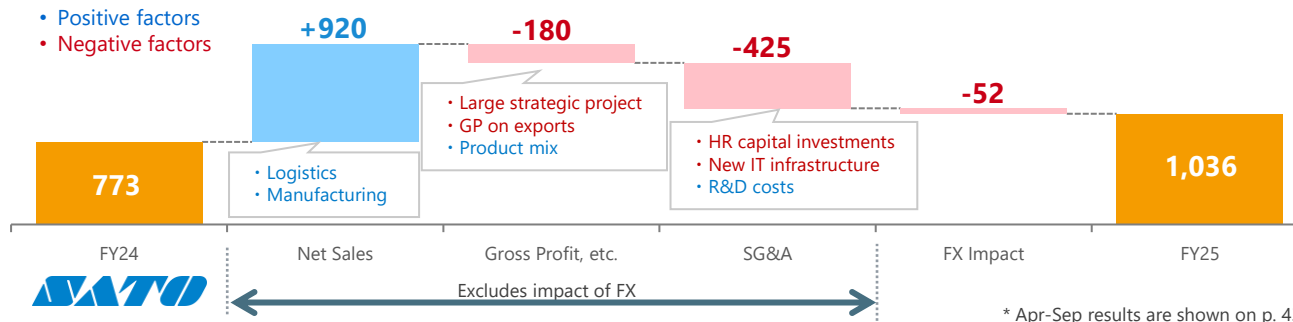
Mechatronics: Hardware (e.g., printers, print and apply systems, scanners, hand labelers), software, maintenance services, etc.

Consumables: Variable information labels, RFID tags, primary labels (product labels), ribbons, etc.

Sales

- **Mechatronics:** Sales increased, driven by a large strategic project and successfully captured demand related to the revised logistics efficiency laws. Strong demand in manufacturing continued, driven by investments in efficiency improvements.
- **Consumables:** Sales increased on firm overall demand.

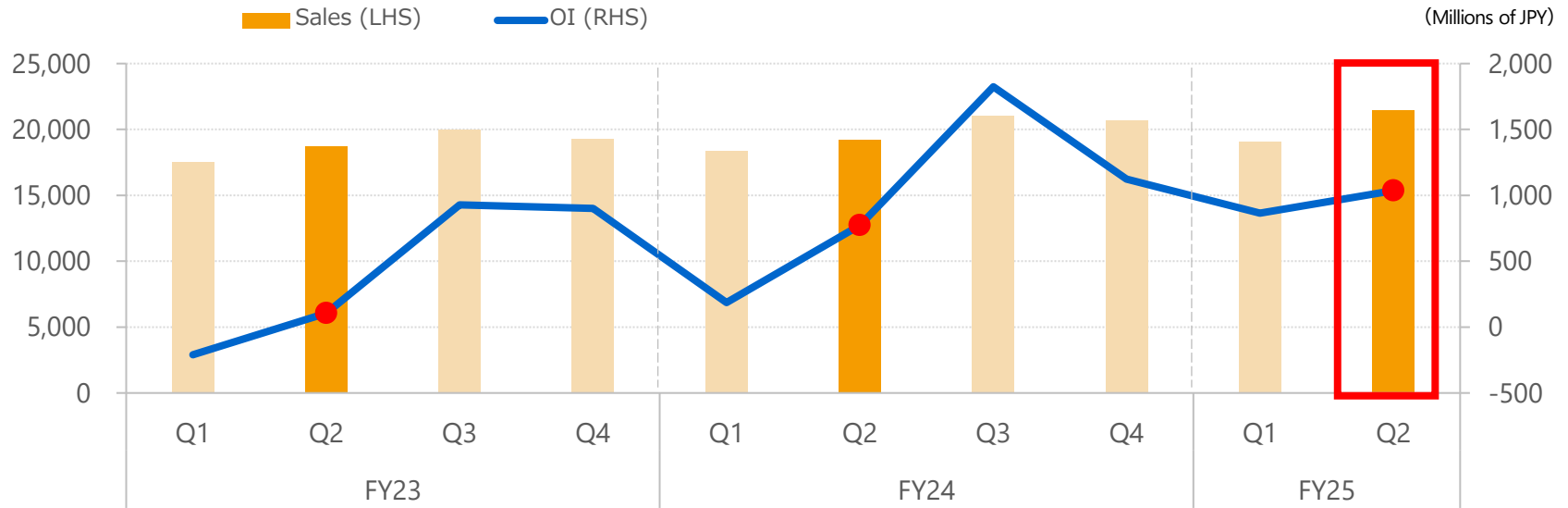
Major Gains/Losses in OI



Operating Income

- OI increased due to the above-mentioned sales increases, an improved product mix, higher printer exports and effective management of SG&A expenses.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income



Sales	17,536	18,692	19,980	19,305	18,353	19,191	21,016	20,658	19,091	21,473
YoY	+1.4%	+2.2%	+3.8%	-0.2%	+4.7%	+2.7%	+5.2%	+7.0%	+4.0%	+11.9%
OI	-210	106	927	901	186	773	1,824	1,123	864	1,036
YoY	-	-88.7%	-16.4%	+51.5%	-	7.3x	+96.8%	+24.6%	4.6x	+34.0%

Sales by Vertical 1/2^{*2}

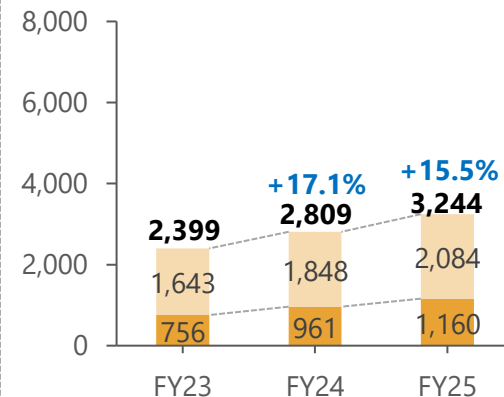
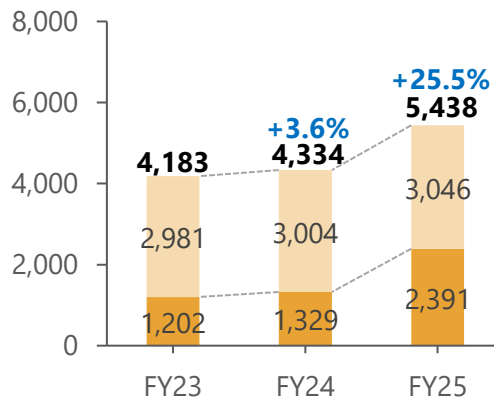
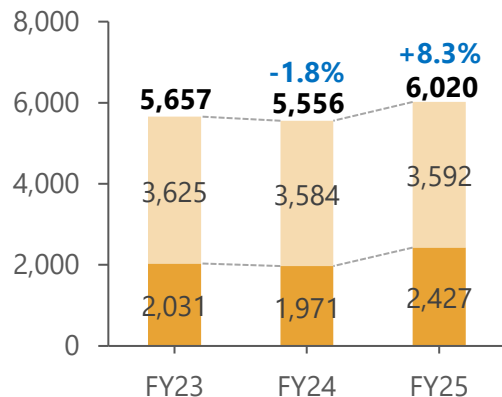
■ : Mechatronics ■ : Consumables (% indicates YoY changes)

(Millions of JPY)

Manufacturing^{*3}Logistics^{*4}

Retail

Net Sales



Business environment

Production of advanced semiconductors remained strong, driven by elevated demand for generative AI. Investment in efficiency improvements continued as severe labor shortages increased the need for digital transformation.

Overall demand was strong, driven by increased flow of goods from brisk e-commerce and inbound tourism. Labor shortages and the revised logistics efficiency laws, which limit truck drivers' overtime, continued to drive demand.

In-store investments at supermarkets for digital transformation and efficiency gains continued to be strong. Investments in e-commerce are robust as well.

SATO

Consumables sales increased in almost all industries. Mechatronics sales increased, driven by high-value projects for print and apply solutions in the chemical industry and steady demand in the automobile industry. Packaged software sales also contributed to the growth.

Consumables sales increased in almost all industries on rising demand from higher freight volumes. Mechatronics sales grew significantly, driven by a large strategic project, the need to meet the revised logistics efficiency laws, and sustained demand from inbound tourism.

Consumables sales increased on robust merchandise retail sales from inbound tourism. Mechatronics sales also increased, led by large projects from specialty stores and merchandise retailers.



^{*1} Apr-Sep results are shown on p. 44.

^{*2} Since Q1 FY24, maintenance support sales are partially included in the mechatronics business. The graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.

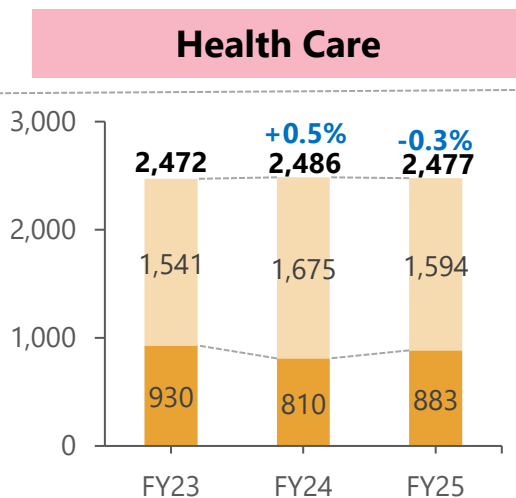
^{*3} Since Q1 FY25, sales from the manufacturing and public verticals have been combined. The graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.

^{*4} Since Q1 FY23, some industries have been reclassified from the public vertical to the logistics vertical. The graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.

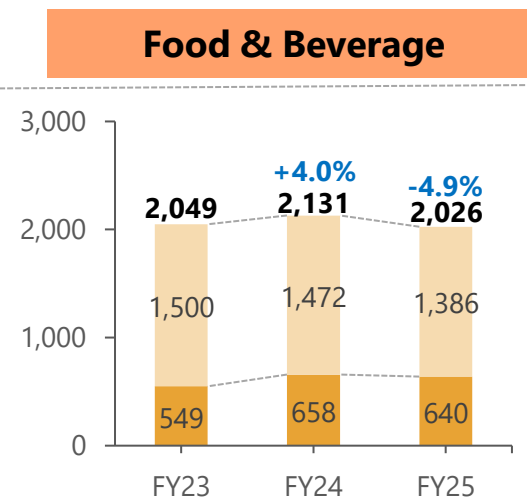
Sales by Vertical 2/2^{*2}

■ : Mechatronics ■ : Consumables (% indicates YoY change)

(Millions of JPY)



Net Sales



Business environment

Brisk investments in RFID continued to improve administrative efficiency and to combat labor shortages. Demand is strong overall.

Robust demand for automation and RFID solutions continued, as higher raw materials and logistics costs and severe labor shortages keep affecting businesses.

SATO

Consumables sales decreased year-on-year, due to the lack of the one-off high-value project recorded in the prior year, despite high demand for RFID solutions that was successfully captured. Mechatronics sales increased, driven by high-value projects involving RFID and print and apply solutions in hospital and pharmaceutical industries.

Consumables sales decreased due to lower sales of specific products in the food manufacturing industry. In mechatronics, sales remained almost flat, as higher sales of packaged software for traceability offset the lack of the one-off high-value projects recorded in previous year.

* 1 Apr-Sep results are shown on p. 44.

* 2 Since Q1 FY24, maintenance support sales are partially included in the mechatronics business. The graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.

RFID and Automation Sales

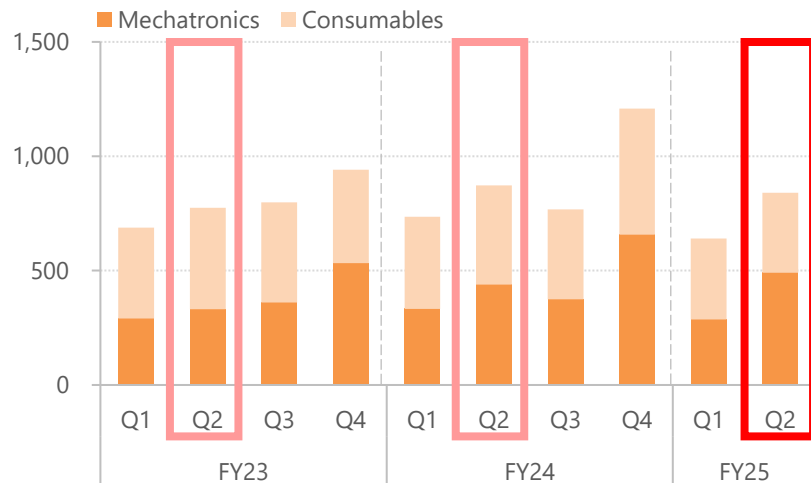
Demand for RFID and Automation solutions continued to be strong on elevated needs for digital transformation to address labor shortages, among others.

RFID solutions sales declined due to the lack of the one-off large orders in the food market recorded previous year, despite the solid sales of packaged software across all verticals.

Automation solutions sales decreased year on year, reflecting a temporary slowdown across verticals.

RFID

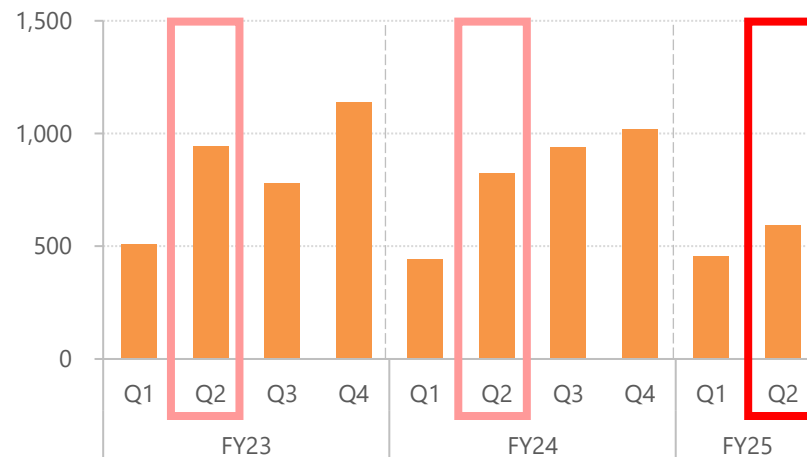
Q2 FY25: **-3.0%** YoY



Automation*

Q2 FY25: **-27.8%** YoY

(Millions of JPY)



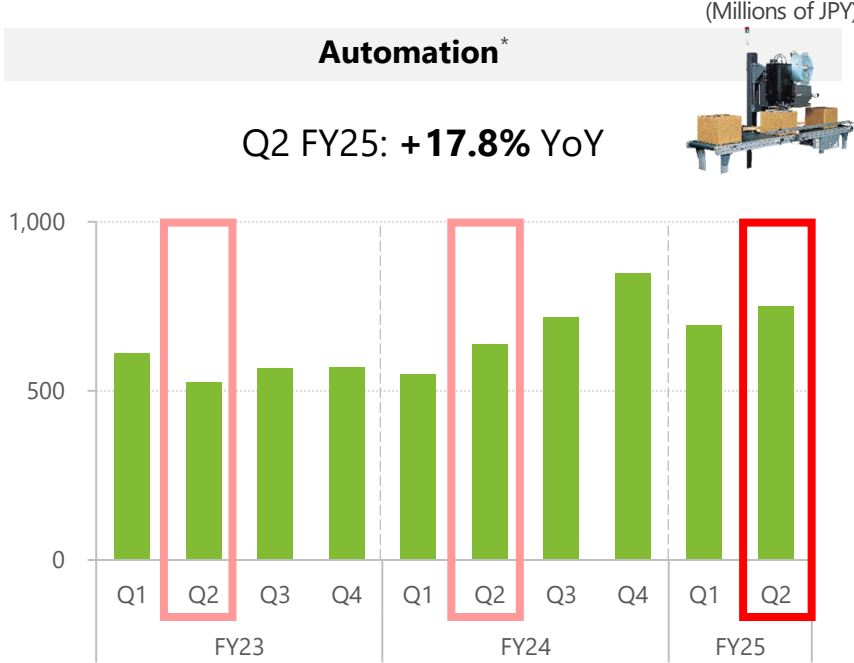
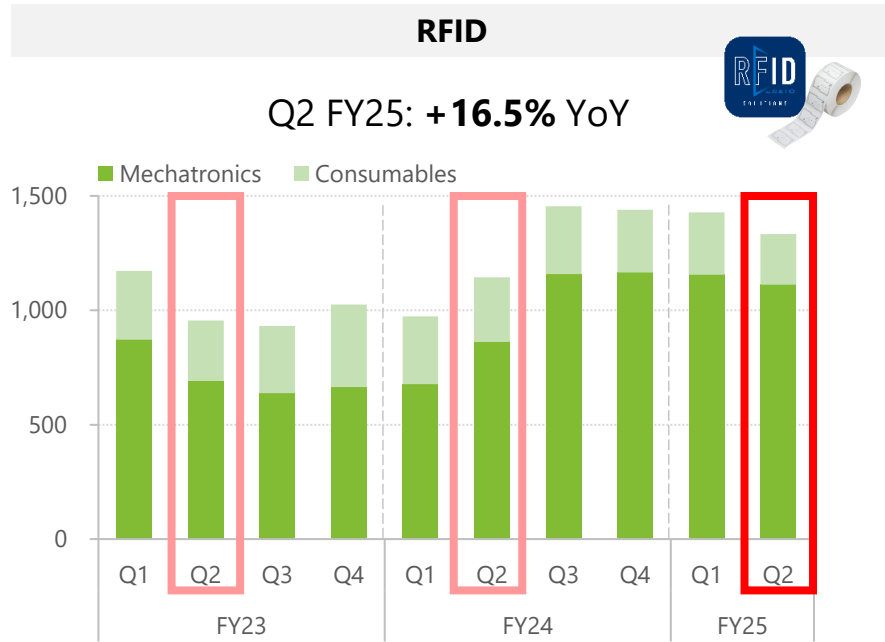
* Automation includes hardware and software sales (but not consumables, service and maintenance sales).

RFID and Automation Sales

Demand for RFID and Automation solutions continued to be strong, driven by labor shortages and robust demand for digital transformation.

RFID solutions sales were up year on year, boosted by high-value projects in manufacturing.

Automation solutions sales grew, driven by a high-value logistics project in the US. In addition, strong demand in Asia, spurred by skilled labor shortages and rising labor costs, contributed to overall growth.



* Automation includes hardware sales only.

FY25 Forecasts

(Millions of JPY)

	Apr-Sep		Oct-Mar		FY25			
	Results	YoY	Revised Plan As of Nov 12, 2025	YoY	Initial Plan As of May 15, 2025	Revised Plan As of Nov 12, 2025	Change	YoY
Net Sales	78,248	+2.8%	82,751	+5.1%	161,000	161,000	+0	+4.0%
Operating Income	5,101	-11.7%	5,898	-10.1%	12,500	11,000	-1,500	-10.9%
Ordinary Income	4,460	-8.7%	5,639	-9.9%	12,100	10,100	-2,000	-9.4%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	3,052	+0.8%	3,747	-9.1%	7,700	6,800	-900	-4.9%
<Reference>								
EBITDA [*]	17,884	←FY24			18,200	16,900	-1,300	-5.5%

* EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization (Incl. Goodwill)

FX rate assumption for FY25: JPY 147/USD, JPY 170/EUR (Initially: JPY 140/USD, JPY 160/EUR)

Average FX rates for Apr-Sep FY25: JPY 146.02/USD, JPY 168.05/EUR

Average FX rates for Apr-Sep FY24: JPY 152.78/USD, JPY 166.06/EUR

FY25 Forecasts

Full-year consolidated operating income has been revised downward by JPY 1,500 million.

Breakdown of revised OI: Overseas base business +JPY 200 million, Overseas primary labels business -JPY 1,700 million, Japan business +JPY 100 million, eliminations -JPY 100 million

(Millions of JPY)

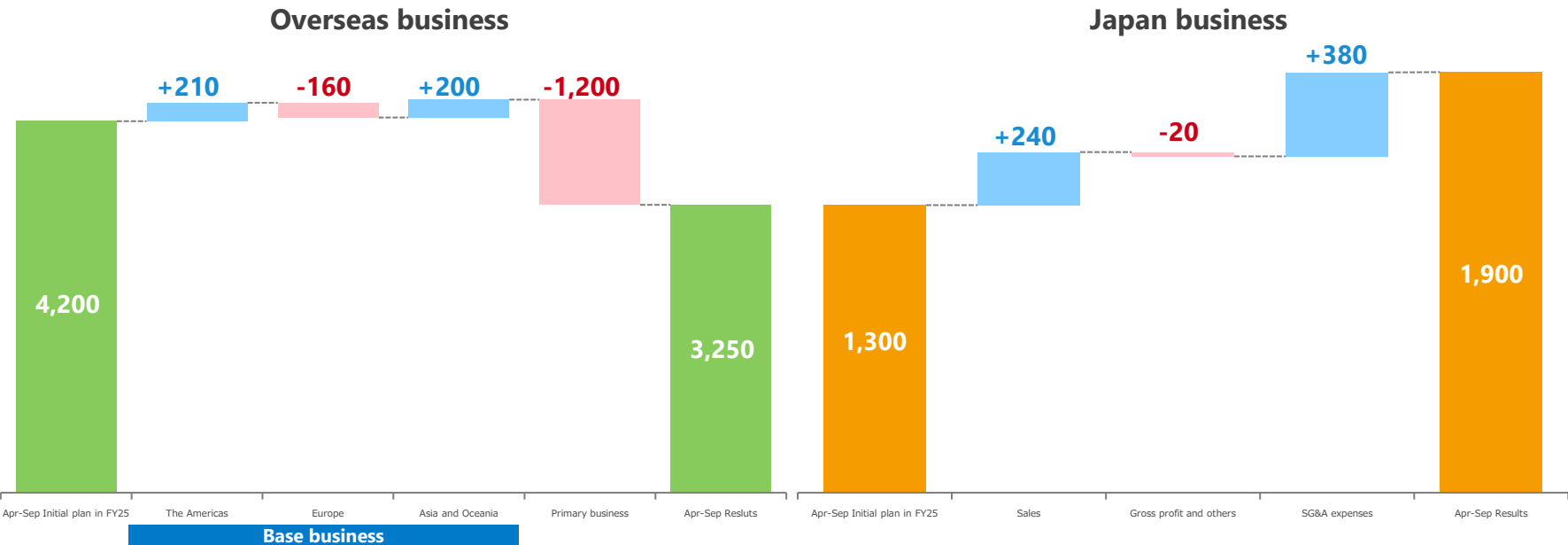
		Apr-Sep			Oct-Mar			FY25		
		Initial Plan	Results	Change	Initial Plan	Revised Plan	Change	Initial Plan	Revised Plan	Change
Overseas (Base business)	Net Sales	26,520	25,650	-869	27,480	28,349	+869	54,000	54,000	+0
	Operating Income	1,980	2,251	+271	2,020	1,948	-71	4,000	4,200	+200
Overseas (Primary labels business)	Net Sales	12,080	12,032	-47	11,920	11,967	+47	24,000	24,000	+0
	Operating Income	2,220	1,030	-1,189	2,080	1,569	-510	4,300	2,600	-1,700
Overseas (Eliminations)	Operating Income	0	-26	-26	0	26	+26	0	0	+0
Overseas	Net Sales	38,600	37,682	-917	39,400	40,317	+917	78,000	78,000	+0
	Operating Income	4,200	3,255	-944	4,100	3,544	-555	8,300	6,800	-1,500
Japan	Net Sales	40,000	40,565	+565	43,000	42,434	-565	83,000	83,000	+0
	Operating Income	1,300	1,901	+601	2,900	2,398	-501	4,200	4,300	+100
Eliminations	Operating Income	0	-56	-56	0	-43	-43	0	-100	-100
Consolidated	Net Sales	78,600	78,248	-351	82,400	82,751	+351	161,000	161,000	+0
	Operating Income	5,500	5,101	-398	7,000	5,898	-1,101	12,500	11,000	-1,500

Apr-Sep Operating Income vs. Initial plan

Overseas business: OI for the Americas and Asia/Oceania was above the plan, but this was not enough to offset the decrease in OI in the primary labels business.

Japan business: OI was higher than the plan due to strong sales of mechatronics and effective management of SG&A expenses.

(Millions of JPY)



Oct-Mar Outlook by Region and Vertical

Overseas

The Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Primary Labels
● The economy to remain firm, supporting solid demand. ● Last-minute demand before U.S. tariffs to moderate. ● Large business opportunities with key customers to remain firm due to labor shortages and other factors. ● Sales of pharmaceutical labels in health care to remain strong.	● Investment remains sluggish due to the economic downturn, but is expected to recover gradually. ● Demand for RFID solutions from medical device manufacturers to remain strong. ● An increase in business opportunities for DPP*2 (SATO AEP CLOUD*1) expected.	● In Southeast Asia, export companies to continue to face challenges, but demand for RFID and print and apply solutions to remain strong. ● In East Asia, the Chinese economy to remain sluggish. ● In Oceania, large business opportunities to continue to be strong.	● Demand, which has fluctuated due to tax changes in Russia, is expected to normalize. ● Market presence expected to increase as result of enhanced production equipment/capacity in Russia. ● In South America, inflationary pressures are likely to persist, but demand to be captured through acquisition of new customers.

Japan

Manufacturing	Logistics	Retail	Health Care	Food & Beverage
● An increase in small and medium-sized business opportunities expected to continue. ● Last-minute demand before the U.S. tariffs expected to ease. ● Strong demand for efficiency improvements, mainly in manufacturing and logistics, to continue, pushing up sales of packaged software.	● The need to comply with the revised logistics efficiency laws to drive demand. ● A large strategic project to continue. ● Automation business opportunities created at exhibitions to be closed.	● Investment appetite to remain robust, supported by strong performance of major retailers. ● Investment in efficiency improvements, such as those realized with AI, expected to increase as companies address labor shortages. ● Demand for operational standardization to grow further, driven by an increasingly diverse workforce and work styles.	● Investment appetite among medical equipment and pharmaceutical manufacturers to remain strong. ● Demand for efficiency solutions, such as print and apply systems, image verification system and RFID, to continue. ● New RFID wristband solutions for three-point verification to be promoted. ● Large business opportunities for print and apply systems expected.	● Strong appetite for investment to remain, as companies seek to manage rising costs and labor shortages. ● Demand for RFID to remain strong, supported by needs for managing raw materials and spare parts. ● Demand for print and apply systems to be captured, particularly in shipping and packaging operations within the food manufacturing industry.

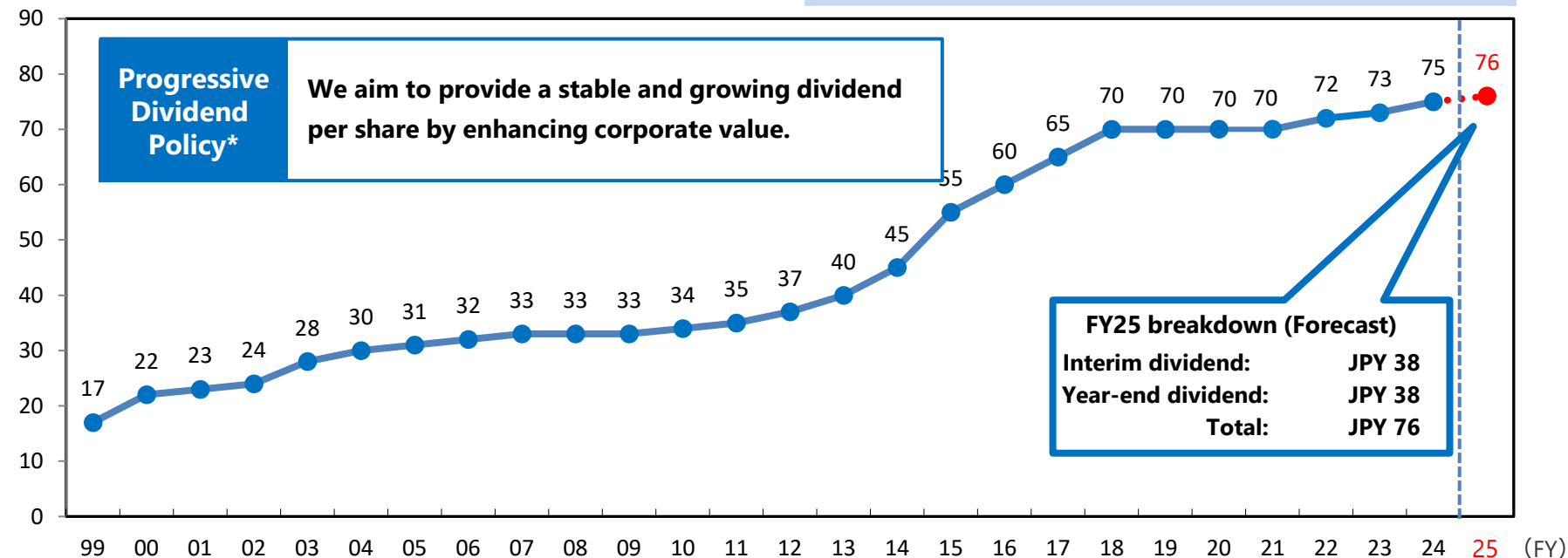
Dividends

(JPY per share)

**Interim dividend payment of 38 yen is scheduled.
(up JPY 1 YoY)**

(Unit: JPY)

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25 (Forecast)
EPS	112.7	126.7	110.0	220.4	209.5
ROE	6.3%	6.5%	5.2%	9.7%	8.6%
(Ref.) Payout ratio	62%	57%	66%	34%	36%



* Dividend policy to maintain or increase dividend per share each year

**Jul-Sep 2025
Results**

Business Strategy Review

A global production and sales network built on a business founded in 1979 and supported by specialized overseas subsidiaries within our corporate group

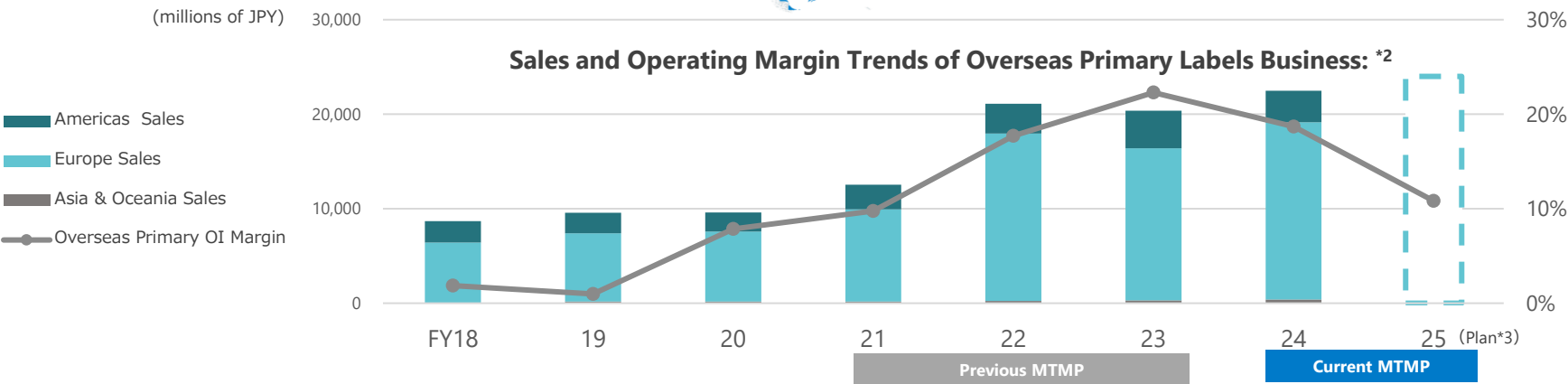
Objectives of M&A and Investments We Conduct

- Optimize production and supply networks
- Acquire advanced printing and finishing capabilities
- Capture emerging market opportunities
- Acquire a brand owner customer base
- Create value through synergies among group companies

Major manufacturing sites for primary labels (Blue indicates countries and regions where our subsidiaries are located)



*1: Primary labels-related products in Japan are classified as “consumables” in the base business.



*2: Figures include only the five companies dedicated to the primary labels business (Okil, X-Pack, , Prakolar, Achernar and Hirich). Sales and OI from primary labels at other group companies/organizations are excluded.

*3: Revised plan as of Nov 12, 2025.

Producing high value-added labels such as adhesive labels, shrink sleeves*¹ and in-mold labels*² with advanced printing equipment

*1: Shrink sleeves: Labels applied to bottles or containers with heat to shrink them.



*2: In-Mold: A labeling method where a label is placed into a mold together with materials that are molded into a container.



Company Name	# of Factories	Stake Acquired / Business Started in	Key Verticals	Strengths
Okil-Holding, JSC (Russia)	4 ^{*3}	Stake acquired in 2014	- Beverages (including alcohol) - Cosmetics, Personal Care Products - Food	- Provides premium labels mainly to major domestic brands - Strength in alcoholic beverages (e.g., high-end spirits) industry - One of the largest label manufacturers in Russia
Prakolar Rótulos Autoadesivos Ltda. (Brazil)	1	Stake acquired in 2015	- Pharmaceuticals - Cosmetics, Personal Care Products - Beverage - Automotive-related	- Recognized for superior quality in pharmaceutical labeling (9-time winner of Sindusfarma Quality Award) - Among the top 5 companies in Brazil's label market
Achernar S.A. (Argentina)	1	Stake acquired in 2012	- Cosmetics, Personal Care Products - Food, Beverage	- Versatility to cater to diverse industry needs with broad customer network - Direct supplier to many major global companies
High Rich Trading & Service Corporation (Vietnam)	1	Stake acquired in 2017	- Personal Care Products - Electrical Products, Electronic Parts - Food, Beverages	Serves a wide range of industries with focus on household goods (personal care, food and beverage), and electrical and electronics
SATO Corporation (Japan)	4 ^{*4}	Business started in 1979	Food, Beverage (including alcohol)	- Focused on adhesive labels production and sales - Nationwide sales network and label design capabilities

Smart Packaging — New field where we create new value by combining technologies used in consumables, primary labels and RFID

What Is Smart Packaging?

A next-generation packaging solution that combines auto-ID and digital technologies (RFID, NFC, 2D codes, AR, etc.) with additional functionalities to enable the visualization of information, enhance data connectivity and create added value.

The global smart packaging market size is expected to reach approximately JPY 6.5 trillion by 2030, with an average annual growth rate of 6.2%.*

Application Areas

Customer Engagement

Brand Experience

Authentication / Opening Detection

Supply Chain Integration

Traceability

Inventory Management

SATO's strengths in smart packaging

1. Labeling and label design solutions that integrate auto-ID technologies into packaging
2. Capabilities to design Information architecture (including flows of information) and offer data linkage across the supply chain
3. Creation of value in customer operation/experience through enabling use of collected data
4. Global deployment with localized adaptability

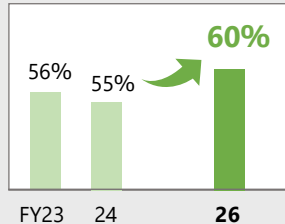


Increase the ability to replicate sales growth through the creation of efficient solutions and collaboration across locations

● Increase recurring sales of consumables

Achieve stability and growth in recurring consumable business.

Ratio of recurring business: Trend and target



- **KPI: Increase ratio of recurring business (consumables + servicing) to 60% or higher by FY2026**
- Implemented Manufacturing Execution System in Europe; Further implementation planned for Oceania, the U.S. and Thailand.
- Capital investment in equipment related to RFID and linerless labels under consideration for 2H

● Redefine the roles and functions of HQ and sales offices

Enhance customer service capabilities through a global key account network.



- **Several high-potential negotiations with global key account are in progress** for H2, and full-year targets are expected to be achieved.
- Enhanced information sharing among sales companies has led to additional opportunities beyond key accounts (**grew about 2.1 times year-on-year**).
- Driving stronger sales focus on capturing recurring sales of consumables.

● Develop locally optimized solutions

Provide localized solutions such as automation in Southeast Asia and DPP *1-compliant solutions in Europe.



- **Southeast Asia:** Rising labor costs and the need for consistent work quality are driving demand for automation, which led to strong growth with a **CAGR of 23% (FY18–24)**
- **Europe:** In response to DPP compliance requirements, a cloud-based platform (SATO AEP CLOUD) was developed to enable product data linkage and traceability. Sales activities for DPP-related solutions began in FY2025, with **further expansion scheduled from Q3 onward**.

● Expand the solution deployment

Deployed blood bag management solutions with a proven track record in Asia into European health care and clinical markets. The number of projects is steadily growing.



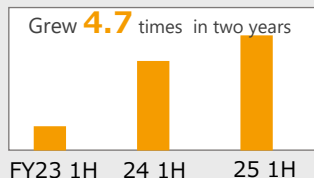
- Sales value for FY25 is project to be 7 times that of FY24. Enhanced RFID "PJM"^{*3} RFID (withstands radiation in the medical sterilization, offers high read accuracy) has been highly evaluated
- Specialists with health care expertise have been deployed globally to support expansion in key markets.
- A new manufacturing method for PJM RFID has been developed, which offers technical and cost advantages; patent pending.

Strengthening cross-functional collaboration to ensure consistent profitability and build foundation for sustainable growth

● Capture demand in key markets

Address automation and efficiency needs that has intensified with revised logistics efficiency laws; adoption of "IritoDe" continues to grow in manufacturing.

IritoDe Sales Amount



- With **Japan's so-called 2024 logistics problem** driving change, manufacturers are seeking greater **automation and labor efficiency** at their shipping sites.
- Adoption of "IritoDe," packaged software that streamlines receiving and shipping process and inventory management, has expanded, recording **4.7x increase in sales amount over two years.**

● Shift to profit-based evaluation for sales department

Promote stronger profit awareness across sales and service teams, driving closer collaboration and more effective use of data.

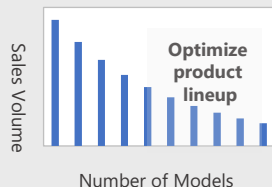


- Driving printer refresh proposals** through collaboration between sales and maintenance teams; the maintenance division achieved 200% of its refresh target in the first half.
- Using OI reports to visualize sales and profitability by sales site, supporting management and decision-making at each site.

● Strengthen value chain management

Adopt a product organizational structure in which development, manufacturing and sales are grouped around each specific product segment to better optimize operations and ensure high profitability.

Sales Volume by Printer Model



- Integrated development process, and inventory and supply planning under a **common platform.**
- Considering **streamlining the current 48 models into an optimized lineup**, adding new models to enhance overall portfolio efficiency.
- Improve **development efficiency** and **inventory turnover** to enhance capital efficiency to reflect the **company's focus on ROIC.**

● Launch of new printer model

CL4/6-SXR, the first model to adopt the common platform, will be released in January 2026.



- The flagship model** accounts for approximately 56% of our sales in manufacturing. The release coincides with the timing of **refresh cycle; aiming to capture the demand effectively.**
- Moving from traditional "preventive maintenance," which relies on usage-based criteria, to **"predictive maintenance"** that uses analysis of data on operating conditions and the like, to detect early signs of failure.
- Global sales target: approx. 300,000 units (FY25-30).**

Appendix

Performance data Pages 31-50

SATO terminologies Pages 51-54

FY24 Consolidated net sales: JPY 154,807 million JPY, 100%

85% of consolidated net sales (Breakdown by region: The Americas 14%, Europe 9%, APAC 17%, Japan 60%)

Base business

Mechatronics
38%

Printers



Other Hardware



Software

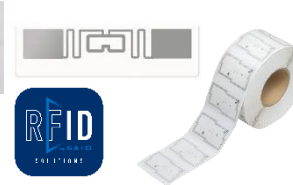


Services



Consumables
47%

Labels & Tags



15% of consolidated net sales (Breakdown by region: The Americas 15%, Europe 83%, APAC 2%)

Primary Labels

Consumables
100%

Stickers & Primary Labels



Sales and OI by Business Segment^{*}

(Millions of JPY)

		FY24	FY25	YoY	In local currencies	
Consolidated		Total Sales	76,090	78,248	+2.8%	+3.5%
		Operating Income	5,778	5,101	-11.7%	-7.6%
Overseas	Base	Total Sales	26,161	25,650	-2.0%	+0.9%
		Operating Income	2,330	2,251	-3.4%	-0.4%
	Primary Labels	Total Sales	12,383	12,032	-2.8%	-4.5%
		Operating Income	2,592	1,030	-60.3%	-59.0%
	Eliminations	Operating Income	-33	-26	-	-
	Total	Total Sales	38,545	37,682	-2.2%	-0.8%
		Operating Income	4,889	3,255	-33.4%	-31.4%
Japan	Total Sales	37,545	40,565	+8.0%	+8.0%	
	Operating Income	959	1,901	+98.2%	2.1x	
Eliminations		Operating Income	-70	-56	-	-

Consolidated Results^{*}

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY
Net Sales	76,090	78,248	+2,157	+2.8%
Operating Income	5,778	5,101	-677	-11.7%
Operating Income %	7.6%	6.5%	-1.1pt	-
Ordinary Income	4,883	4,460	-423	-8.7%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	3,028	3,052	+24	+0.8%
Effective Tax Rate	28.7%	28.6%	-0.1pt	-
EBITDA*	8,446	8,015	-430	-5.1%

FX sensitivity for FY25: Assuming a 1-yen depreciation of the Japanese yen against the US dollar and an equivalent depreciation against other currencies, the estimated impact for the full-year FY25 would be an increase in sales of JPY 561 million and an increase in OI of JPY 35 million.

Average FX for Apr-Sep 2025: JPY 146.02/USD, JPY 168.05/EUR (Apr-Sep 2024: JPY 152.78/USD, JPY 166.06/EUR)

* EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization (Incl. Goodwill)

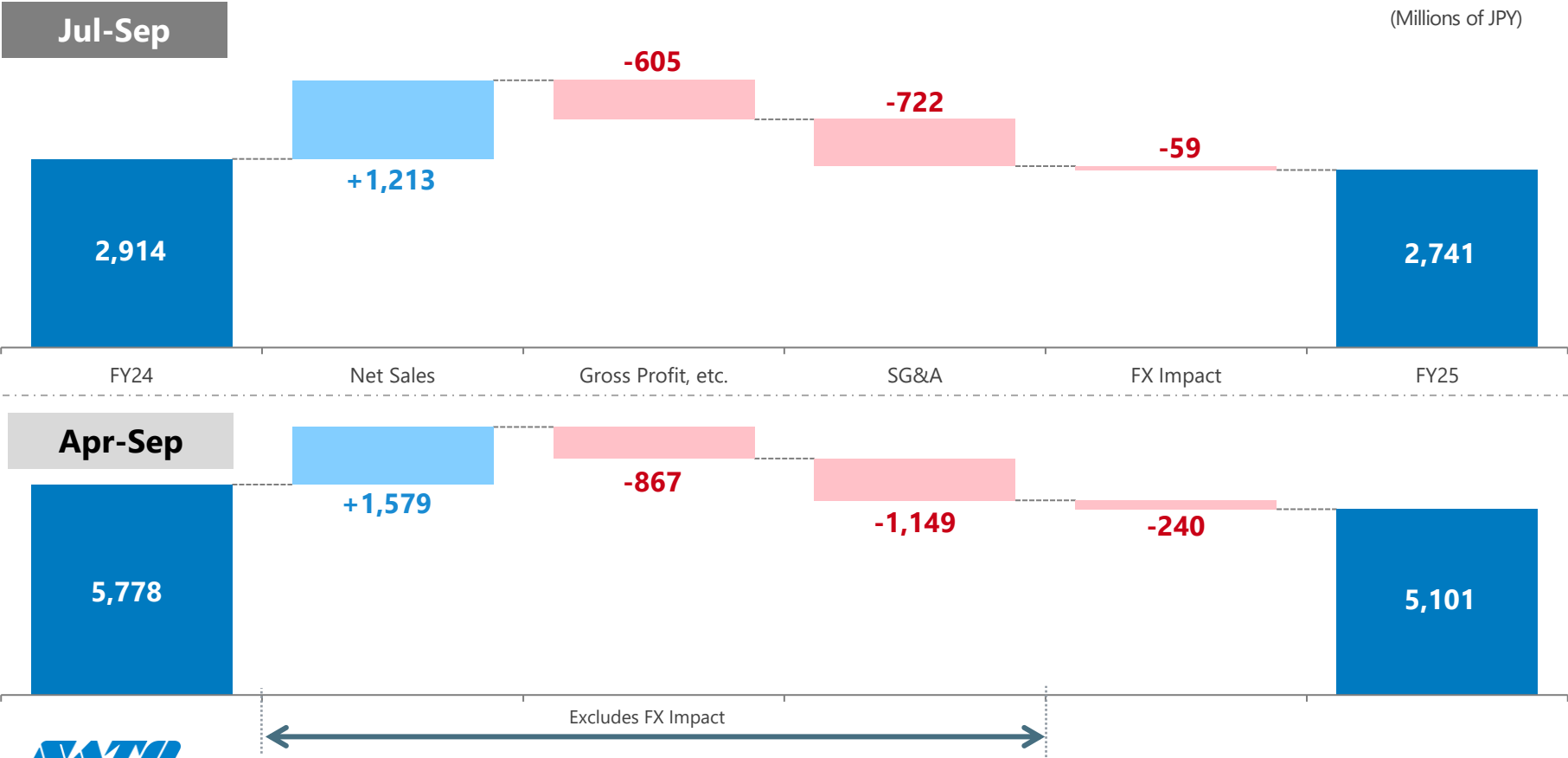
· Depreciation for Jul-Sep 2025: JPY 2,907 million (Jul-Sep 2024: JPY 2,590 million)

· Amortization for Jul-Sep 2025: JPY 6 million (Jul-Sep 2024: JPY 77 million)

* Sales and OI excluding those of Russian subsidiaries are shown on p. 50.

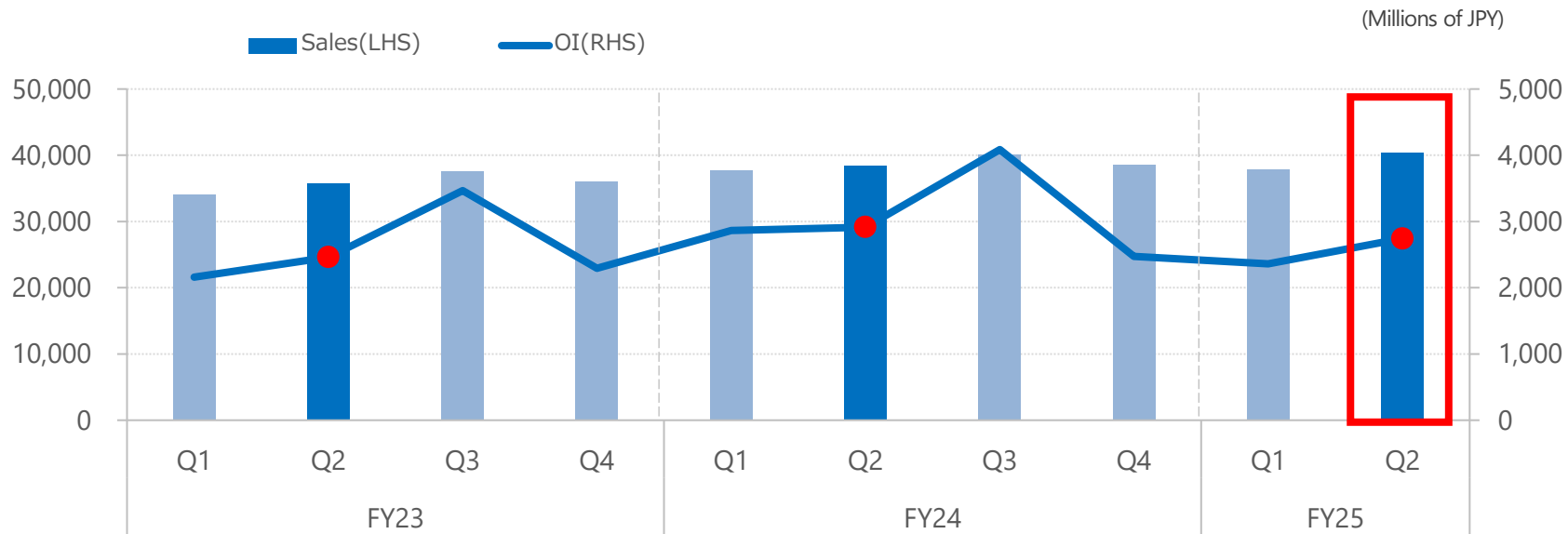
Major Gains/Losses in OI*

(Millions of JPY)



* Sales and OI excluding those of Russian subsidiaries are shown on p. 47.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income



Sales	33,989	35,797	37,628	36,031	37,674	38,415	40,121	38,596	37,829	40,418
YoY	+0.9%	-2.7%	-0.6%	+4.5%	+10.8%	+7.3%	+6.6%	+7.1%	+0.4%	+5.2%
OI	2,160	2,460	3,467	2,295	2,864	2,914	4,086	2,475	2,359	2,741
YoY	2.6x	-16.6%	+4.9%	+30.4%	+32.6%	+18.4%	+17.9%	+7.8%	-17.6%	-5.9%

Sales and OI by Region

(Millions of JPY)

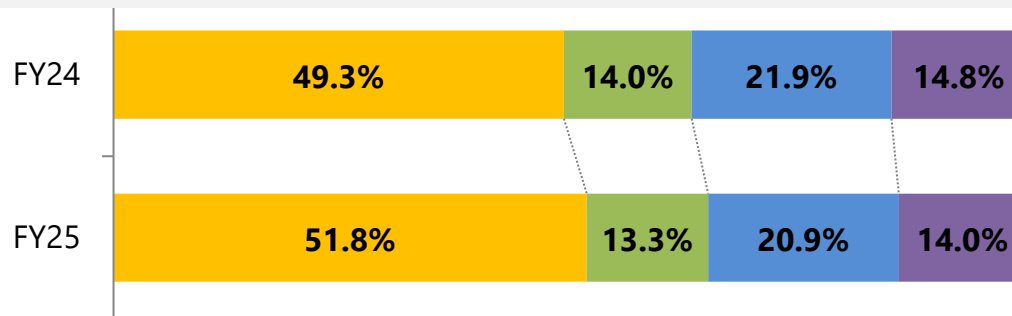
Japan The Americas Europe Asia/Oceania

Sales

76,090



78,248



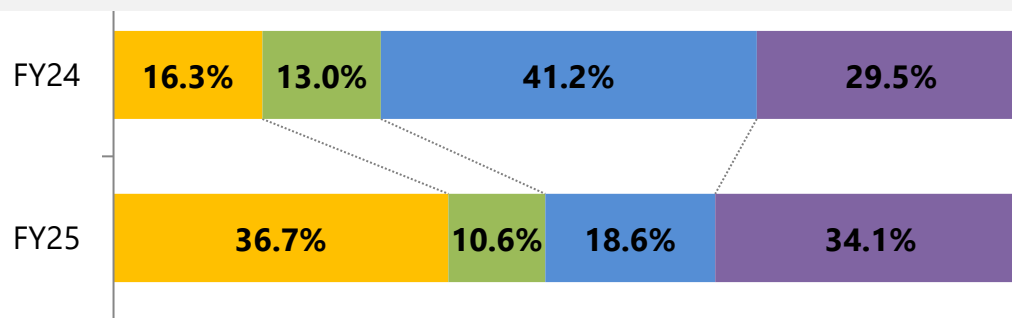
Operating Income

* Ratio excludes eliminations.

5,849



5,157



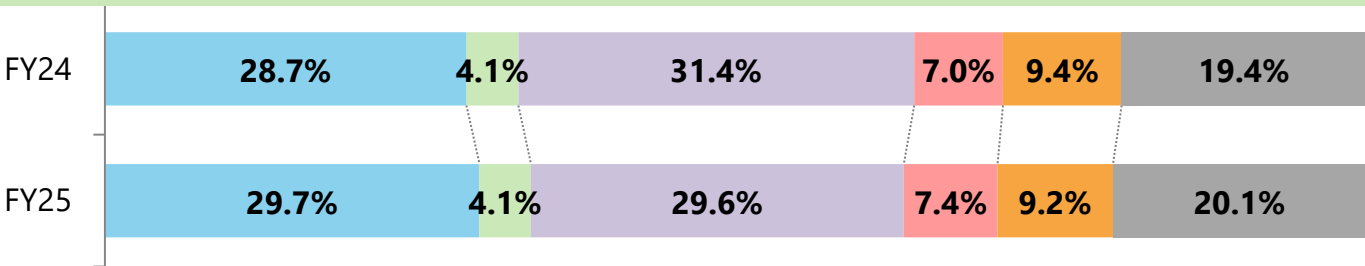
OI Ratio FY24 Japan : 2.6%, Overseas : 12.7%
FY25 Japan : 4.7%, Overseas : 8.6%

Sales by Vertical

Manufacturing Logistics Retail Health Care Food & Beverage Others

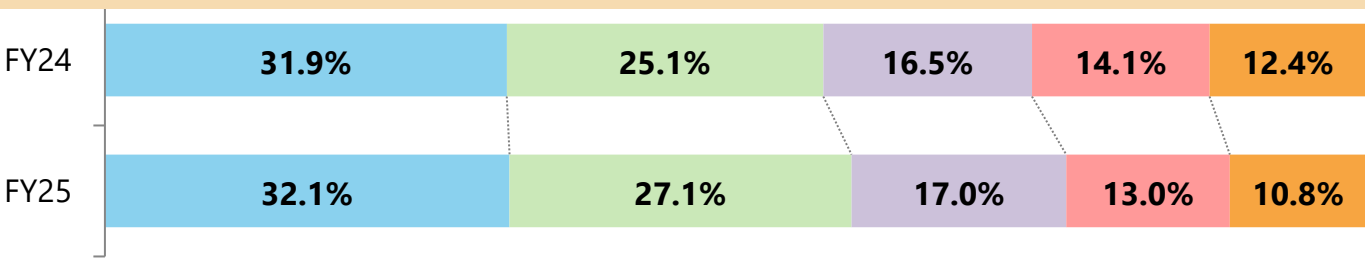
Overseas

* Main sales subsidiaries only. Factories & Primary Label companies not included.



Japan

* Maintenance services not included



* Since Q1 FY25, sales from the manufacturing and public verticals have been combined. Graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.



Overview

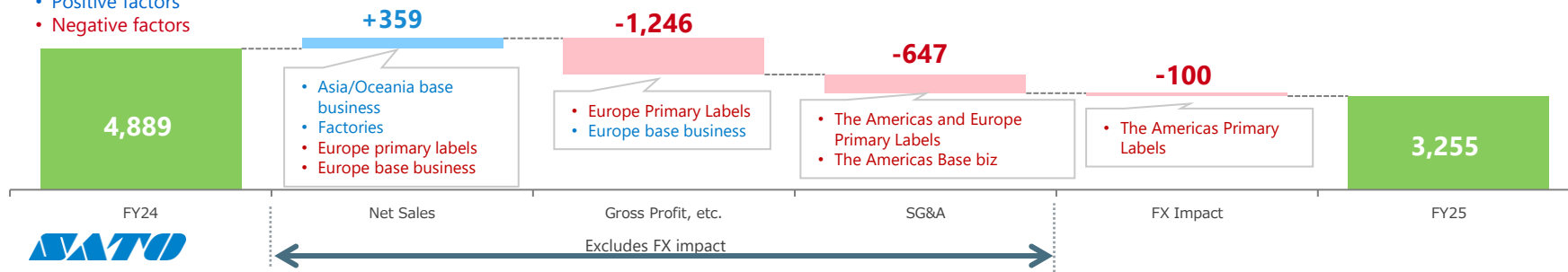
(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Base business Total Sales	26,161	25,650	-511	-2.0%	+0.9%
Primary Labels business Total Sales	12,383	12,032	-351	-2.8%	-4.5%
Total Sales	38,545	37,682	-862	-2.2%	-0.8%
Gross Profit	15,455	14,265	-1,190	-7.7%	-
Gross Profit %	40.1%	37.9%	-2.2pt	-	-
Base business Operating Income	2,330	2,251	-79	-3.4%	-0.4%
Primary Labels business Operating Income	2,592	1,030	-1,562	-60.3%	-59.0%
Elimination Operating Income	-33	-26	+7	-	-
Operating Income	4,889	3,255	-1,633	-33.4%	-31.4%
Operating Income %	12.7%	8.6%	-4.0pt	-	-

* Includes impact of IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ("Hyperinflation Accounting") in Argentina.

Major Gains/Losses in OI

- Positive factors
- Negative factors



The Americas Base business

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Total Sales	8,863	8,579	-283	-3.2%	+2.3%
Operating Income	372	297	-74	-20.1%	-14.3%

Europe Base business

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Total Sales	6,250	6,320	+69	+1.1%	+0.0%
Operating Income	250	205	-45	-18.0%	-19.3%

Asia/Oceania Base business

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
Total Sales	11,047	10,751	-296	-2.7%	+0.3%
Operating Income	1,707	1,748	+40	+2.4%	+5.4%

Primary Labels business

(Millions of JPY)

		FY24	FY25	Change	YoY	In local currencies
The Americas Achernar (Argentina) Plakorar (Brazil)	Total Sales	1,787	1,827	+40	+2.3%	+23.9%
	Operating Income	391	252	-138	-35.4%	-15.8%
Europe Okil/ X-pack (Russian)	Total Sales	10,401	10,019	-382	-3.7%	-9.5%
	Operating Income	2,171	759	-1,412	-65.0%	-67.1%
Asia/Oceania Hirich (Vietnam)	Total Sales	194	184	-9	-5.1%	+1.5%
	Operating Income	29	18	-11	-38.7%	-34.5%
Total Sales	Total Sales	12,383	12,032	-351	-2.8%	-4.5%
	Operating Income	2,592	1,030	-1,562	-60.3%	-59.0%

* Includes impact of IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ("Hyperinflation Accounting") in Argentina.

Sales and OI by Business Segment/Region

(Millions of JPY)

■ Base business
 ■ Primary Labels
 ■ The Americas
 ■ Europe
 ■ Asia/Oceania

Sales

38,545

FY24

67.9%

32.1%

FY24

27.6%

43.2%

29.2%

37,682

FY25

68.1%

31.9%

FY25

27.6%

43.4%

29.0%

Operating Income

* Ratio excludes eliminations.

4,889

FY24

47.3%

52.7%

FY24

15.5%

49.2%

35.3%

3,255

FY25

68.6%

31.4%

FY25

16.8%

29.4%

53.8%

OI ratio:

FY24 Base business : 8.9%, Primary Labels : 20.9%FY25 Base business : 8.8%, Primary Labels : 8.6%FY24 The Americas : 7.2%, Europe : 14.5%
Asia/Oceania : 15.5%FY25 The Americas : 5.3%, Europe : 5.9%
Asia/Oceania : 16.2%

Sales and OI Trends by Business Segment and Region

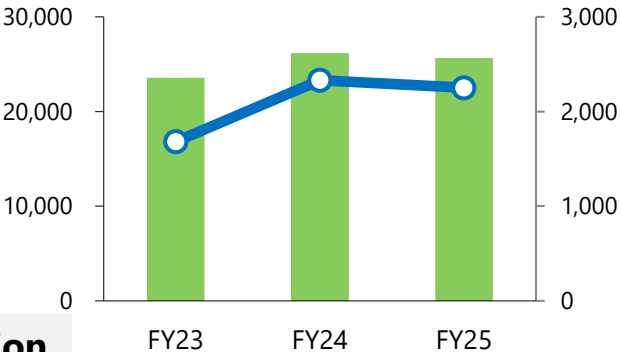
By Business Segment

Sales (LHS)

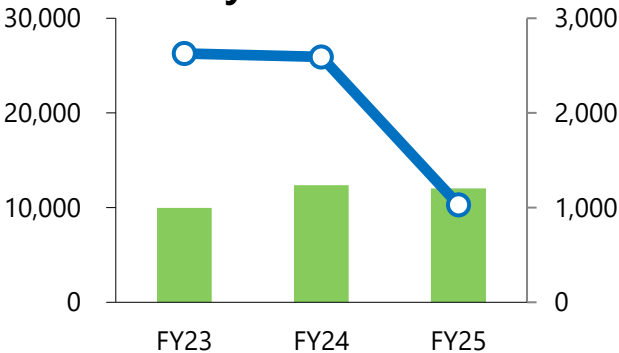
OI (RHS)

(Millions of JPY)

Base business

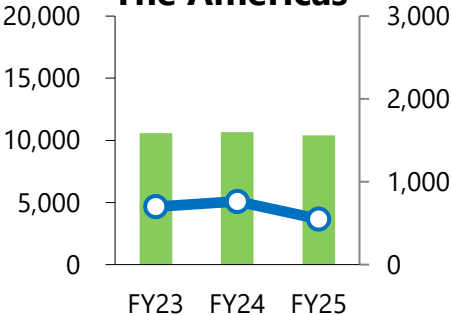


Primary Labels business

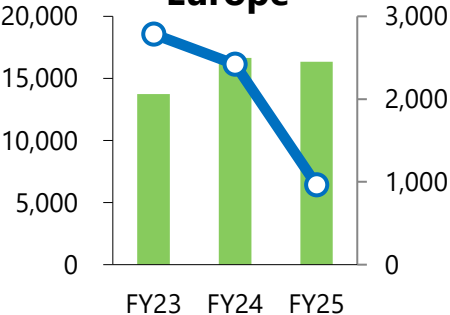


By Region

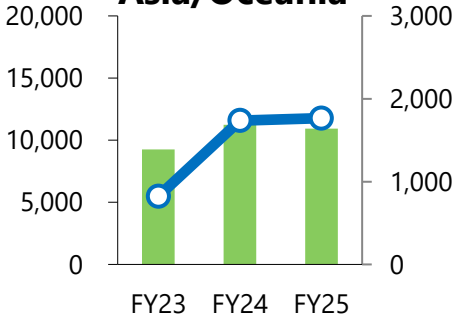
The Americas



Europe



Asia/Oceania



Overview

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY
Mechatronics Sales	14,407	16,923	+2,516	+17.5%
Consumables Sales	23,138	23,641	+502	+2.2%
Total Sales	37,545	40,565	+3,019	+8.0%
Gross Profit	16,819	18,316	+1,497	+8.9%
Gross Profit %	44.8%	45.2%	+0.4pt	-
Operating Income	959	1,901	+942	+98.2%
Operating Income %	2.6%	4.7%	+2.1pt	-

Mechatronics: Hardware (e.g., printers, automatic labelers, scanners, hand labelers), software and maintenance services.

Consumables: Products such as variable information labels, RFID tags, primary labels (product labels) and ribbons.

Major Gains/Losses in OI

- Positive factors
- Negative factors

- Logistics
- Retail
- Manufacturing

+410

-555

-140

1,901

959

+1,227

Gross Profit, etc.

SG&A

FX Impact

FY25

Net Sales

FY24

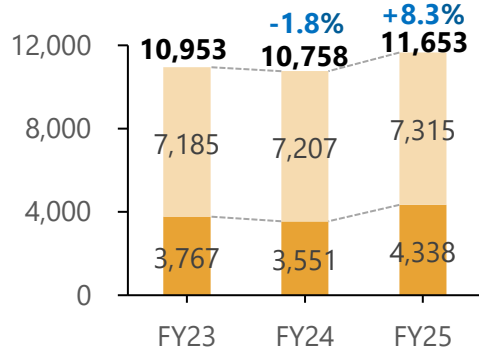
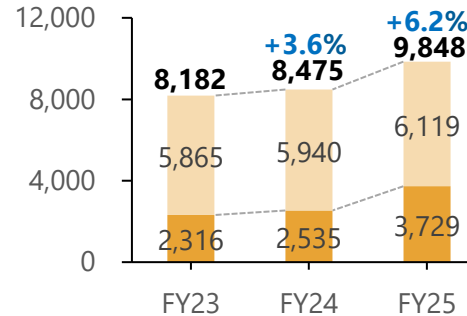
Excludes FX impact



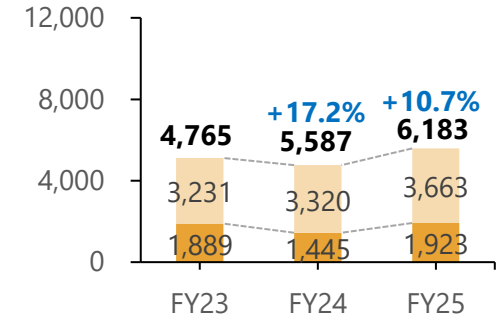
Sales by Vertica^{*1}

■ : Mechatronics ■ : Consumables * % indicates YoY change

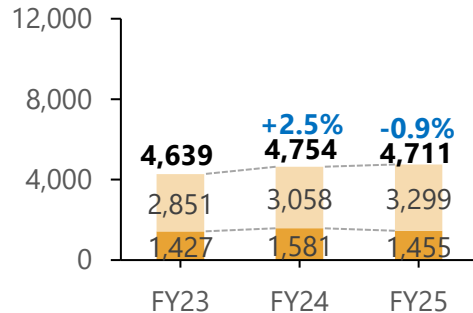
(Millions of JPY)

Manufacturing^{*2}Logistics^{*3}

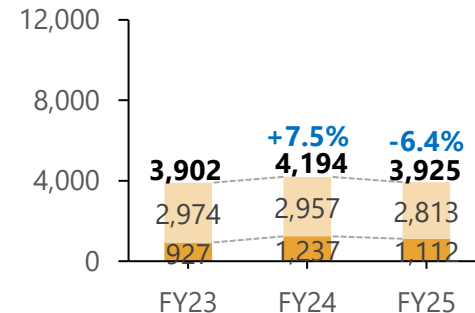
Retail



Health Care



Food & Beverage



* 1 Since Q1 FY24, maintenance support sales are partially included in the mechatronics business. The graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.

* 2 Since Q1 FY25, sales from the manufacturing and public verticals have been combined. The graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.

* 3 Since Q1 FY23, some industries have been reclassified from the public vertical to the logistics vertical. The graphs have been adjusted retrospectively.

Sales and OI by Business Segment (Figures exclude the Russian subsidiaries)

(Millions of JPY)

			FY24	FY25	YoY	In local currencies	
Consolidated			Total Sales	32,918	35,488	+7.8%	+8.1%
			Operating Income	1,724	2,373	+37.6%	+42.8%
Overseas	Base	Total Sales	12,806	13,022	+1.7%	+1.4%	
		Operating Income	1,053	1,133	+7.6%	+7.9%	
	Primary Labels	Total Sales	919	992	+7.9%	+23.5%	
		Operating Income	100	100	-0.7%	+31.8%	
	Eliminations	Operating Income	-40	24	-	-	
	Total	Total Sales	13,726	14,014	+2.1%	+2.9%	
		Operating Income	1,113	1,257	+13.0%	+16.2%	
Japan	Total Sales	19,191	21,473	+11.9%	+11.9%		
	Operating Income	773	1,036	+34.0%	+40.9%		
Eliminations		Operating Income	-162	78	-	-	

Consolidated Results

(Figures exclude the Russian subsidiaries)

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY
Net Sales	32,918	35,488	+2,569	+7.8%
Operating Income	1,724	2,373	+648	+37.6%
Operating Income %	5.2%	6.7%	+1.4pt	-
Ordinary Income	1,381	2,293	+912	+66.0%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	1,117	1,726	+609	+54.5%
Effective Tax Rate	18.6%	25.3%	+6.7pt	-
EBITDA*	2,920	3,604	+683	+23.4%

Average FX for Apr-Sep 2025: JPY 146.02/USD, JPY 168.05/EUR (Apr-Sep 2024: JPY 152.78/USD, JPY 166.06/EUR)

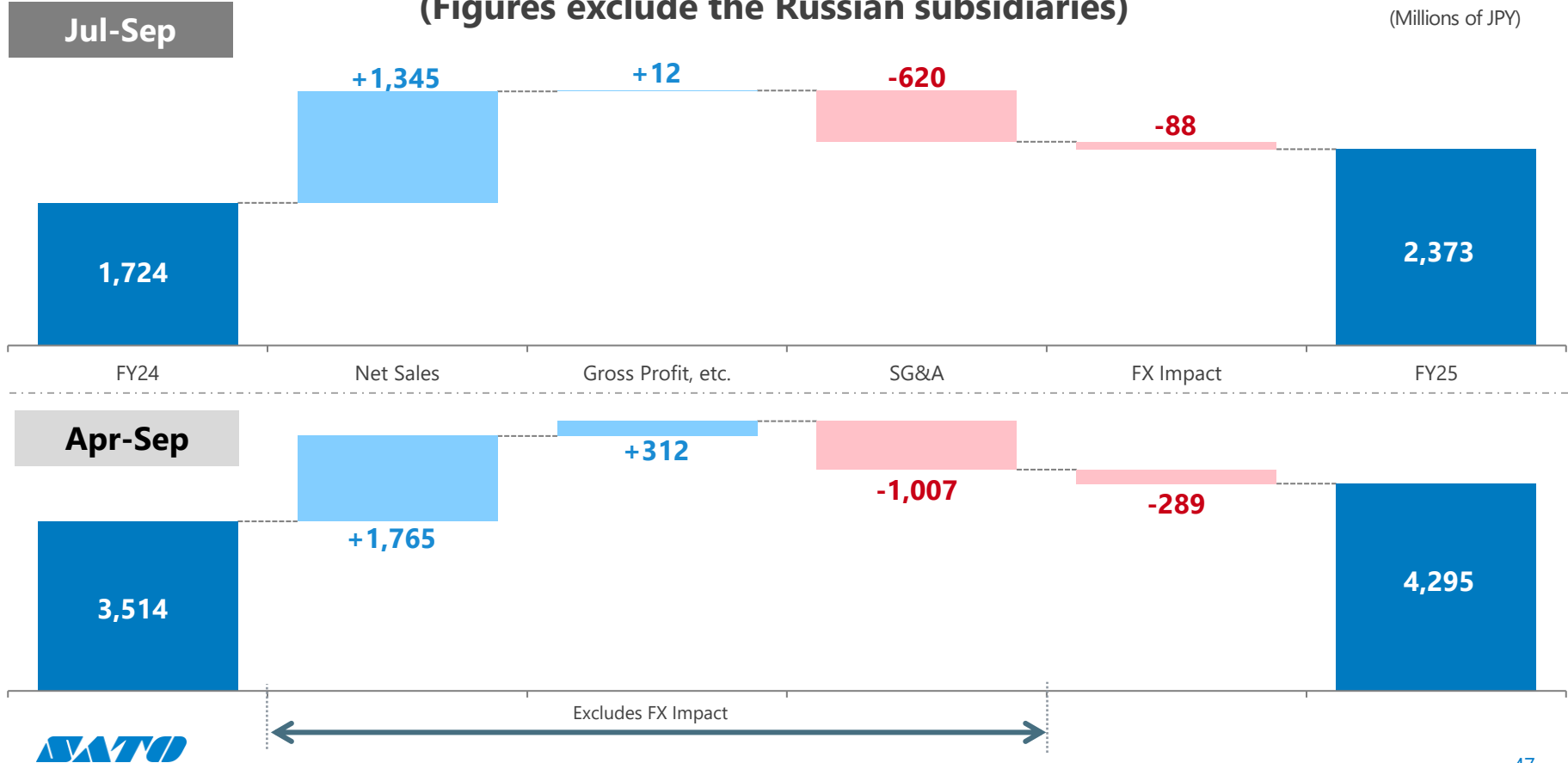
* EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization (Incl. Goodwill)

· Depreciation for Jul-Sep 2025: JPY 1,227 million (Jul-Sep 2024: JPY 1,157 million)

· Amortization for Jul-Sep 2025: JPY 3 million (Jul-Sep 2024: JPY 38 million)

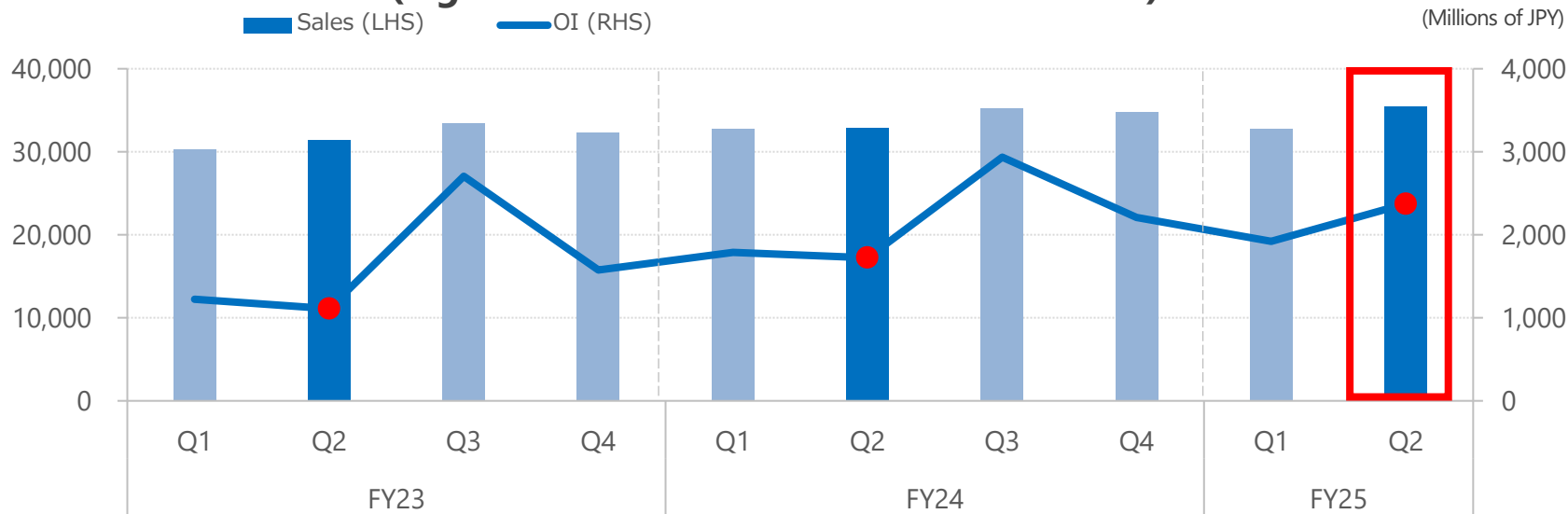
Major Gains/Losses in OI
(Figures exclude the Russian subsidiaries)

(Millions of JPY)



* Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian subsidiaries.

Quarterly Sales and Operating Income (Figures exclude the Russian subsidiaries)



Sales	30,301	31,455	33,433	32,257	32,770	32,918	35,238	34,786	32,740	35,488
YoY	+1.6%	-1.7%	+2.6%	+4.9%	+8.1%	+4.7%	+5.4%	+7.8%	-0.1%	+7.8%
OI	1,222	1,110	2,704	1,577	1,789	1,724	2,935	2,209	1,922	2,373
YoY	2.0x	-45.1%	+40.9%	2.1x	+46.5%	+55.2%	+8.5%	+40.0%	+7.4%	+37.6%

Sales and OI by Business Segment (Figures exclude the Russian subsidiaries)

(Millions of JPY)

			FY24	FY25	YoY	In local currencies	
Consolidated			Total Sales	65,688	68,228	+3.9%	+5.6%
			Operating Income	3,514	4,295	+22.2%	+30.5%
Overseas	Base	Total Sales	26,161	25,650	-2.0%	+0.9%	
		Operating Income	2,330	2,251	-3.4%	-0.4%	
	Primary Labels	Total Sales	1,981	2,012	+1.6%	+21.7%	
		Operating Income	327	224	-31.6%	-7.0%	
	Eliminations	Operating Income	-33	-26	-	-	
	Total	Total Sales	28,143	27,663	-1.7%	+2.4%	
		Operating Income	2,624	2,449	-6.7%	-1.0%	
	Japan	Total Sales	37,545	40,565	+8.0%	+8.0%	
Operating Income		959	1,901	+98.2%	2.1x		
Eliminations		Operating Income	-70	-56	-	-	

Consolidated Results

(Figures exclude the Russian subsidiaries)

(Millions of JPY)

	FY24	FY25	Change	YoY
Net Sales	65,688	68,228	+2,539	+3.9%
Operating Income	3,514	4,295	+781	+22.2%
Operating Income %	5.3%	6.3%	+0.9pt	-
Ordinary Income	2,773	3,953	+1,179	+42.5%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	1,715	2,787	+1,071	+62.5%
Effective Tax Rate	37.2%	28.4%	-8.8pt	-
EBITDA*	5,872	6,676	+803	+13.7%

Average FX for Apr-Sep 2025: JPY 146.02/USD, JPY 168.05/EUR (Apr-Sep 2024: JPY 152.78/USD, JPY 166.06/EUR)

* EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization (Incl. Goodwill)

· Depreciation for Apr-Sep 2025: JPY 2,374 million (Apr-Sep 2024: JPY 2,281 million)

· Amortization for Apr-Sep 2025: JPY 6 million (Apr-Sep 2024: JPY 77 million)

(*) Underlined terms are described under its own heading

SATO's unique business concepts/initiatives		Description*
1	Auto-ID Solutions business	Our business that carries out <u>DCS & Labeling</u> . It is specifically about integrating barcode printers/labels, software and services designed in-house with products and technologies from partners to resolve customers' worksite issues. This business is separated into Overseas and Japan segments, with the former comprised of the <u>Base</u> and the <u>Primary label businesses</u> .
2	DCS & Labeling (DCS: Data Collection Systems)	SATO's business model that incorporates auto-ID technology (such as barcodes and <u>RFID</u>) with barcode printers and labels/labeling services to (a) systematically collect data on people and things at business sites and (b) offer <u>tagging</u> /labeling of information, using accurate, efficient and optimized solutions. In line with increasingly sophisticated user needs, SATO also pursues a policy of open innovation and partnerships to provide value-added technologies such as image/voice recognition, location tracking and sensors to its legacy business model to better solve customer challenges.
3	Base business	Business of <u>tagging</u> variable information, such as prices, manufactured dates and expiration dates in the form of barcodes and more.
4	Primary label business	Overseas business of <u>tagging</u> fixed information via product labels and other media. This business operates from SATO Group companies; <u>Achernar</u> (Argentina), <u>Prakolar</u> (Brazil), <u>Okil</u> (Russia), <u>X-Pack</u> (Russia) and <u>Hirsch</u> (Vietnam).
5	Tagging	The process of physically attaching to something data that identifies and/or provide status information. This involves digitizing information of the things it is tagged to so that the tagged data can be fed to and processed by core IT systems. This domain, connecting people and things with information, has remained central to SATO's business, ever since our days of pioneering hand labelers that attached price and other information to products.
6	Koto-uri (Selling the solution, not the product)	Sales approach of selling not the product but combinations of products in the form of solutions that include hardware, <u>consumables</u> , maintenance services and software, together with ROI and other value propositions for the customer. The opposite concept of "Mono-uri" or selling single products.
7	Perfect and Unique Tagging (PUT)	A high-level problem-solving tagging technology that makes it possible to trace complete and unique individual information by tagging not only proprietary data such as IDs but also position and status information obtained from sensors to objects and people. The status can be identified and managed by fully automated reading integrated with the operation without manual intervention. Through solutions utilizing PUT, we aim to address not only on-site issues at individual customers but also common issues faced by society as a whole.

SATO's unique business concepts/initiatives		Description
8	Genbaryoku	Our core competency of going to customer sites to understand their operations and identify the essence of issues to offer optimized solutions. It is our ability to (1) address a wide range of market, industry and application needs with our expertise in sites of operations, (2) integrate products, services and technologies into solutions, working together with strategic partners, and (3) offer maintenance services and solutions continuously to build trust and establish lasting relationships with customers.
9	Teiho	System of reports and proposals in effect since 1976. Employees share new information and ideas they come across on-site every day with top management via the Teiho system. Teiho helps top management gain immediate insight into the internal/external business situation to facilitate quick decision-making and execution of initiatives, while allowing "participation by all" in the management of the company. As Teiho reports are directly addressed to top management, it is also an effective means of compliance monitoring to prevent malpractice and other inappropriate behavior and assist in corporate governance. Some of our global offices have also started Teiho, with more to follow.
Products, services and technologies		Description
1	Auto-ID solutions	Combination of products such as printers, labels, software and maintenance services using auto-ID technologies to carry out <u>DCS & Labeling</u> . To meet ever complex and diverse customer challenges, SATO also looks beyond its own resources and interests by pursuing partnerships, for example, to enable location technologies to track items by tags and inventory/worker movements in real time for managing manufacturing processes and visualizing productivity on-site.
2	Mechatronics	All products that are not <u>consumables</u> , including hardware (e.g., printers, automatic labelers, scanners, hand labelers), software and maintenance services. They generate higher gross profit margin than <u>consumables</u> . Printers are manufactured in Malaysia, Vietnam and Taiwan.
3	Consumables	"Consumable" products such as <u>variable information labels</u> , <u>RFID tags</u> , primary labels (product labels) and ribbons. They generate lower gross profit margin than <u>mechatronics</u> but incur low SG&A expenses ratio as they are typically sold through recurring business.
4	Variable information labels	Blank or pre-printed labels used to print information elements such as barcode, product price and manufactured or expiry date that vary with every customer's site of operation. Unlike fixed information labels that are identical and printed at large quantities in a single run, variable information labels can be printed on-demand as and when needed.

Products, services, technologies		Description
5	RFID (Radio Frequency Identification)	A type of auto-ID technology that uses radio waves to read/write data from/to an RFID tag without making contact. RFID offers faster read rates (from reading multiple tags at the same time) and greater read range than traditional barcode technology. Also, unlike barcodes, RFID tags can be read when covered by another object or stained and are read/write-capable to enable updates to the encoded data. Because of these key benefits, RFID can significantly improve operational efficiency.
6	PJM (Phase Jitter Modulation)	RFID technology that uses frequencies in the HF band and complies with the international standard ISO/IEC18000-3 Mode 2. SATO has many patents on reading circuits and systems that support implementation of the technology. In addition to providing fast and accurate lump-sum reading of up to 600 RFID tags per second, the technology lends itself to challenging read environments as PJM RFID operates down to -80 °C, can be read in proximity to liquid, or with multiple of them stacked together, and withstands medical sterilization. In certain conditions and environments, PJM RFID systems can be built to enable operation with reduced susceptibility to metal interference. These advantages have led to growing adoption of the technology in blood bag and orthopedic implant management.
7	SOS (SATO Online Services)	A cloud-based monitoring service for printers that enables preventative maintenance and on-the-spot troubleshooting. With SOS, users can view the status of their cloud-connected printers at a glance and manage them centrally with ease, while SATO can increase productivity of its service personnel, allowing for even small service teams (as is often the case overseas) to provide improved support.
8	AEP (Application Enabled Printing)	A powerful on-board intelligence which enables customization of printer operation. Printers can link to other systems on a stand-alone basis, without going through any computers.
9	SATO AEP Cloud (Application Enabled Printing Cloud)	Cloud-based aPaaS (Application Platform as a Service) was launched in April 2025 by SATO Europe GmbH, a European subsidiary. It enables flexible and rapid application design in no-code and low-code for challenges such as complex labeling operations and regulations (e.g., digital product passports) faced by customers. This contributes to the realization of operational accuracy, business efficiency, cost management, etc.
10	Source tagging	A supply chain management practice of instructing vendors or suppliers to affix labels containing specified information of products upon delivery.

Key acquisitions since 2012		Description
1	Argox Information Co., Ltd. (Taiwan)	[2012] Company engaging in the development, production and sales of entry level printers.
2	Achernar S.A. (Argentina)	[2012] Company specializing in primary labels.
3	Magellan Technology Pty Ltd. (Australia)	[2013] Company from which SATO acquired the business of Magellan Technology Pty Ltd., which possessed PJM (Phase Jitter Modulation), an RFID technology compliant with ISO/IEC 18000-3 Mode 2. Now SATO Vicinity Pty Ltd.
4	Okil-Holding, JSC (Russia)	[2014] Primary labels company in which SATO acquired 75% ownership stake. <u>X-Pack</u> is affiliated with Okil.
5	Prakolar Rótulos Autoadesivos LTDA. (Brazil)	[2015] Company specializing in primary labels.
6	High Rich Trading & Service Corporation (Vietnam)	[2017] Primary labels company in which SATO acquired 49% ownership stake. Commonly known as Hirich.
7	Stafford Press, Inc. (U.S)	[2023] Company engaging in production and sales of horticulture tags and labels, and inkjet printers for on-demand color printing of such tags and labels.
Overseas subsidiaries founded after 2017		Description
1	Okil –SATO X-Pack Co. Ltd. (Russia)	[2017] A subsidiary producing and selling shrink sleeves, in-mold labels and soft packages in <u>Primary Labels business</u> , owned 60% by SATO.



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