Company data

Financial summary

Fiscal years end March 31 the following year

(Millions of JPY) FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 **Business performance** 87,256 96,773 99,831 105,504 106,302 124,783 142,824 Sales 113,383 116,179 116,372 109,052 Overseas sales ratio (%) 25.6 29.3 33.2 37.3 36.6 37.8 37.6 36.9 37.1 42.1 48.1 36,410 41,180 42,708 44,942 45,022 48,655 50,676 50,179 45,735 50,398 56,684 Gross profit 38,917 42,997 42,718 43,994 Selling, general and administrative expenses 30,958 34,421 35,264 38,487 42,405 39,888 47,843 7,444 Operating income 5,452 6,758 6,455 6,104 6,249 7,679 7,461 5,847 6,404 8,841 EBITDA (operating income + depreciation + 8,213 9,871 11,044 11,573 11,296 11,814 13,250 13,376 10,163 10,861 13,961 amortization of goodwill) Profit attributable to owners of parent 2,726 4,295 3,763 3,687 3,221 4,074 3,773 -1,882 12,959 3,794 4,184 **Financial position** 77,521 95,174 96,887 104,280 107,574 122,858 Total assets 86,737 106,447 103,147 109,312 120,005 40,205 46,734 53,158 52,155 54,217 56,225 56,668 48,823 59,462 64,508 67,694 Net assets Research and development 2,042 2,225 2,292 2,414 2,387 2,994 3,460 3,377 3,046 3,944 4,644 3,059 7,372 6,717 5,723 9,044 4,999 Capital expenditures 6,106 4,801 3,835 4,931 6,357 Depreciation and amortization of goodwill 2,760 3,112 3,599 5,118 5,191 5,571 5,915 5,119 5,565 4,316 4,456 **Cash flow** Cash flow from operating activities 3,793 10,589 9,205 6,091 10,769 6,184 9,365 11,259 5,806 3,302 5,190 -8,716 Cash flow from investing activities -984 -4,776 -6,221 -9,596 -3,504 -2,449 -102 -3,738 -5,212 2,290 Free cash flow (net cash provided by operating 2,809 5,812 2,983 -3,504 2,052 2,679 4,152 8,810 5,704 -436 7,480 activities less cash used in investing activities) Cash flow from financing activities -2,839 -1,511 -3,062 3,254 -1,343 -3,458-3,534 -1,311 -7,131 -3,987 -6,309 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 11,992 16,763 17,145 16,212 16,757 16,026 16,430 23,379 22,580 19,140 20,751 Per-share data (JPY) 90.56 113.96 96.07 121.54 112.74 126.66 EPS (earnings per share) 141.57 110.07 112.46 -56.06 385.86 1,423.30 1,874.97 BPS (book value per share) 1,330.77 1,454.90 1,579.15 1,525.09 1,579.53 1,634.69 1,649.86 1,735.04 2,020.83 37 40 45 55 60 65 70 70 70 70 DPS (dividends per share) 72 Financial indicators (%) 41.7 42.6 42.8 42.4 43.6 Gross profit margin 42.6 42.9 43.1 41.9 40.4 39.7 Operating income ratio 6.2 7.0 7.5 6.1 5.7 5.5 6.6 6.4 5.4 5.1 6.2 EBITDA margin 9.4 10.2 11.1 11.0 10.6 10.4 11.4 11.5 9.3 8.7 9.8 6.6 7.6 8.0 6.6 6.2 6.1 7.5 7.5 5.8 5.8 7.7 ROIC (return on invested capital) 7.1 7.1 ROA (return on assets) 8.6 8.2 6.4 5.4 5.6 6.2 5.2 5.3 7.5 7.2 7.6 7.1 -3.6 9.9 6.2 7.6 6.9 24.4 6.3 6.5 ROE (return on equity) 51.7 53.7 55.6 52.8 50.8 51.5 51.5 46.3 53.3 52.6 53.3 Equity ratio Debt-to-equity ratio* 31.8 23.5 18.7 31.5 32.1 30.6 28.8 38.6 26.5 25.1 23.8

^{*} Includes lease obligations and zero coupon convertible bonds

General information			
Shares authorized	80,000,000		
Shares issued	34,921,242		
Shareholders	8,914		
Stock listing	The Prime Market, Tokyo Stock Exchange		
Securities code	6287		
Fiscal year	April 1 to March 31		
General meeting of shareholders	June		
Shareholder registry administrator	Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation		

Composition of shareholders				
Treasury stock ————————————————————————————————————	Fina	ncial instruments firms 414,003 1.19 %		
Foreign — companies 9,580,137 27.43 %	Total shares issued 34,921,242	Individuals and others 10,781,845 30.87 %		
Other corporations 4,480,778 12.83 %	G 0-	Financial institutions 7,244,619 20.75 %		

Major shareholders				
Name	Shares owned	% to shares outstanding		
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	4,238,000	13.04		
Sato Yo International Scholarship Foundation	3,786,200	11.65		
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	2,233,400	6.87		
SATO Employees' Stockholding	1,652,311	5.08		
The Bank of New York 133612	1,278,300	3.93		
Shizue Sato	897,470	2.76		
Mieko Yokoi	894,345	2.75		
The Bank of New York Mellon 140051	875,500	2.69		
Mari Iwabuchi	794,570	2.44		
Government of Norway	754,150	2.32		

Notes 1. The company holds treasury stock of 2,419,860 shares, but is excluded from the above list of major shareholders.

2. Percentage (%) to shares outstanding is calculated excluding treasury stock.



Corporate data

Profile Profil				
Name	SATO Holdings Corporation			
Location	Tamachi Station Tower N, 3-1-1 Shibaura, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108-0023, Japan			
Established	1940			
Incorporated	1951			
Representative director	Hiroyuki Konuma, President and Group CEO			
Paid-in capital	¥8.4 billion			
Employees	5,637			
Consolidated sales	¥142.8 billion			

For more IR information, see:

www.sato-global.com/ir/

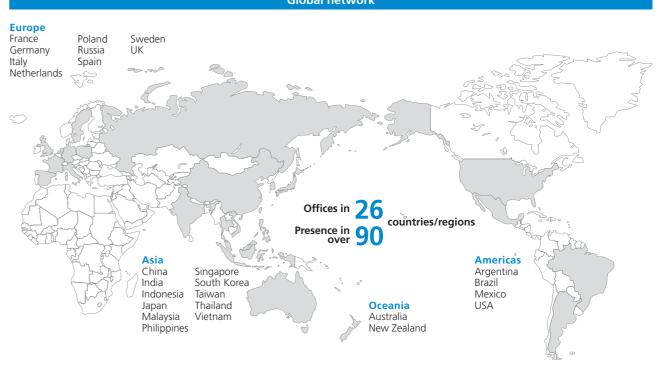


For more sustainability information, see:

www.sato-global.com/sustainability/



Global network



For more information, contact:

IR Department

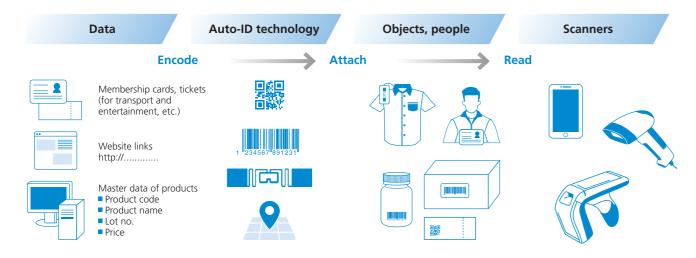
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4

Company data

Basics of auto-ID technology

Auto-ID (automatic identification) is the technology we see in barcodes and RFID that allows information to be read and identified automatically. It is used in manufacturing, logistics, retail, health care and many other sectors of daily life.



Barcode

An array of parallel, rectangular bars and spaces of varying widths used to represent data in machine-readable form. Popular for their low cost and highly reliable identification, barcodes are now an integral part of social infrastructure.

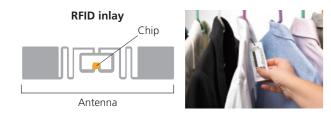
Most, if not all, consumer products on the market in all countries today are marked with barcodes to facilitate retail checkout procedures.



RFID

Short for Radio Frequency Identification, RFID is a method that uses radio waves for contactless reading and writing of data. Unaffected by surface stains or damage, RFID tags can be read by batch and over long distances or through intervening objects as long as they are within the range of the reader.

RFID technology has developed rapidly to find its way into various applications such as incoming goods inspection, inventory control and stocktaking.



Two-dimensional (2D) barcode

A pattern of squares, hexagons, dots and other shapes used to represent data in machine-readable form. 2D barcodes store data in horizontal and vertical dimensions so a much greater quantity of data (including text data containing Japanese characters) can be encoded in a much smaller space compared with linear barcodes. This makes them popular for a wide range of applications such as consumer advertising (links to websites), entertainment ticketing, and tracking of electronic parts.



Locating technologies

Best known by GPS*1 and IPS*2 which are capable of locating objects or people outdoors and indoors respectively, locating technologies have significant applications in self-driving vehicles, navigation, security tracking and activity analyses.

IPS, in particular, is a core aspect of SATO's Visual Warehouse solution that measures operational data within logistics warehouses (e.g., distance between/traveled by goods and workers, time spent on jobs) at high precision and in real time to improve productivity.

- *1 Global Positioning System
- *2 Indoor Positioning System



SATO terminologies

Term	Description
Tagging	The process of using auto-identification technology to physically attach information such as ID and status to things and people and digitize the data so that it can be fed to and processed by core IT systems for producing analyses and insights.
Koto-uri (Selling the solution, not the product)	Sales approach of selling not just the product but combinations of products in the form of solutions that include hardware, consumables, maintenance services and software, demonstrating ROI and other value propositions for the customer.
Auto-ID solutions business	Our business of integrating tagging-related products and services — barcode/RFID printers and labels, software/services designed in-house, and products/technologies of our partners — to resolve customers' worksite issues that include traceability, supply chain management and asset management. The business is separated into Overseas and Japan segments, with the former comprised of Base and Primary Labels businesses.
Base business	Our business of tagging variable information such as barcodes, prices, manufacture dates and expiration dates in the form of labels and tags.
Primary labels business	Our business of tagging fixed information via product labels and other media. It comprises operations of SATO Group companies located in Argentina, Brazil and Russia.
DCS* & Labeling *Data Collection Systems	SATO's business model since the mid-1990s of using labels to associate ID and other forms of data to things and people at a worksite to digitize and optimize operations.
Tagging for Sustainability	Business concept expanding on DCS & Labeling that aims to resolve customers' operational and societal challenges geared toward achieving a sustainable world. Shaped using new technologies and media not limited to labels that innovate our traditional domain of tagging.
Genbaryoku	Our core competency of going to customer sites in an array of markets/industries to understand the essence of their pain points and offer solutions that improve or innovate their operations. It consists of three elements: industry expertise (versed in many industries), technical expertise (offering the best mix of products) and servicing (constantly improving operations at customer sites).
Teiho	Our unique insight sharing system with which employees regularly submit ideas and findings directly to the management. Started in Japan in 1976, the system initiates big and small changes for the company to meet the needs of the times and achieve sustainable growth, while serving to raise employee awareness on detecting issues and devising creative solutions.
Four-way returns to stakeholders	SATO's corporate philosophy and profit distribution policy to share the returns from its business with its four, equally important stakeholders: shareholders, employees, society and the company.



